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Decline and fall of Boston Bruins

Last of America's famed Shakers

Townhouses: an answer to high land cost

How Syria gains from Kissinger truce

Sports



Capitol Hill page views politics

By Lucia Mouat

Back in Chicago, teen-ager Julie Rosner used to think congressmen and senators dined on corder and worked hard only occasionally.

That was before she worked in their midst as a Capitol Hill page — and saw not caviar but dozens of hot dogs being downed on the run and impressively long hours regularly spent on the job.

"The politician's family life is almost nil - I just don't think I could take a schedule like that," says the high school senior, explaining why she now has decided to go on to law school instead of into politics.

80 errand-runners

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The future aside, however, Julie would not trade her present job for anything. She is one of 80 teen-age errand-runners in the House, Senate, and Supreme Court, known as Capitol Hill pages.

Her job, a special variation, is House documentarian page. In addition to raising the flag every morning outside on the Capitol's House side -'I love it because you get to climb up on the roof" - she is responsible for ringing the bells on the House floor to summon representatives from near and far for votes and quorum calls.

Members can tell by the number of rings what kind of activity is on the agenda. The only sequence she has not yet rung is six, the number reserved for a national emergency.

Although she considers the legislators' schedule a rigorous one, many of them might view hers as even more so. She and her fellow pages must be up and thinking in classes by 6:10 a.m. in a third-floor wing of the Library of Congress. Many live at a nearby residence hall, and anyone who oversleeps will get one or more wake-up calls.

On duty in uniform

By midmorning, pages are dressed in the required navy-suit, black shoe uniform and at their posts of duty. Pages get salaries of \$7,000-\$9,000 a year. The hours vary considerably according to the length of legislative sessions but often tend to run long.

"It's hard to make yourself go tobed at 8 or 9 at night, and if you have homework you can't," observes Julie. "I usually get about six hours sleep a night, and it catches up with you. . . . '

The great majority of pages go on to college, but generally while they are here, it is the job that is the paramount interest. Most worked very hard to get it, often writing year after year to their congressmen or sena-

"Most kids have a paper route and then they go to school," comments John C. Hoffman, principal of the Capitol Hill page school. 'With our kids, school becomes the paper route and the job takes the place of school."

★Please turn to Page 4



Not everyone on the Persian Gulf has a Rolls

Cairo backs Kissinger against Arab critics

By Joseph Fitchett Special to The Christian Science Monitor

With Arab public opinion in suspense about the content of current -Arab-Israeli negotiations, the Egyptian leadership has lashed out against some Arab newspaper insimuations that Egypt plans to sell out its allies -Syria and the Palestinians - for unilateral Egyptian gains.

Egyptian ire focuses on the Lebanese press - often described as the Arab world's opposition press because of the freedom to publish in Beirut. Under President Sadat's more liberal information policies, foreign newspapers - including Lebanese papers in Arabic - are generally available now to readers in Egypt, although occasional issues are still

Egyptian officials are concerned to

Portugal nears vote, worries about military

By Takashi Oka Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

London Portugal, which cascaded carnations on its soldiers and sailors after last year's military revolution, is living through tense moments as the officers who carried out that revolution prepare for elections without surrendering their grip on political

Political parties and the 200 officers of the Armed Forces Movement have been meeting over the weekend to discuss proposals put to the parties by the officers Feb. 21. The parties have not yet finalized their attitudes, nor have the officers, apparently, although a civilian politician characterized the proposals as a "blueprint for

military dictatorship." The Socialists, the Popular Democrats, and the Communists have been in uneasy governmental harness with each other and with the Armed Forces Movement since the revolt April 24 that toppled Marcello Caetano, successor to the 40-year dictatorship of the late Antonio de Oliveira

"Our officers are not going to go the way of Peru," Dr. Mario Soares told this correspondent soon after his ★Please turn to Page 2

counteract the impact of critical articles both on domestic opinion and on attitudes in other Arab countries. Egyptian People's Assembly

Speaker Sayed Marei, second to Mr. Sadat in official precedence here, has made several speeches attacking the Lebanese press for articles suggesting a strain has arisen between Cairo and Damascus over their attitudes toward U.S. Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger's mission.

Continuing to defend Dr. Kissinger, Egyptian papers claimed Monday that the U.S. has delayed delivery of American-made fighters to Israel until a new Arab-Israeli accord is reached:

The robustly optimistic Egyptian line, faithfully reflected in Cairo newspapers, is that a second-stage disengagement is a near certainty during Dr. Kissinger's shuttle in March and that it will provide substantial benefits for both Egypt and

In private conversations, Egyptian sources say Syria can expect to recover another ribbon of territory along the entire length of the Golan front, including three hills which dominate the shattered regional capital. Qunettra.

The radical Arab criticism of Egypt suggests that Mr. Sadat is desperately trying to make a deal through Dr. Kissinger to regain more of Sinai at almost any price. This analysis hints that Syria and the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) might realign themselves with the Arab hard-liners, who reject any attempt to negotiate with Israel.

Strong indications challenge this view of Syria, where President Assad is in fact attempting to bolster the authority of Syrian moderates, notably inside the Baath (Arab Socialist) Party leadership.

The Palestinian issue, considerably more complex, appears to be the only real source of concern for Egypt.

Palestinian leaders have criticized the Egyptian call for internationalization of Jerusalem. The PLO wants Arab Jerusalem to be included in an eventual Palestinian state. But PLO media have carefully steered clear of any open clash with Egypt.

Mr. Sadat has invited PLO chairman Yasser Arafat to Cairo for urgent consultations. Egyptian officials hope the PLO will agree to work with King Hussein, as their best chance of eventually obtaining some territory on the West Bank of the Jordan River.

Supreme Court hears offshore oil debate

Who should control this natural resource— Washington, states affected, or oil firms?

Henry M. Jackson (D) of Washington.

lings would require a "federal explor-

ation program before leasing," said a

Senate Commerce Committee staff

member. The federal government,

not the oil companies, would explore

for offshore oil, thus "keeping deci-

mercial finds," added the staff aide,

"the Secretary of Interior would de-

velop a leasing plan, take it to the

affected states for their comment,

and then to Congress." If Congress

did not veto the plan within 90 days,

leasing sales to private oil companies

Continental Shelf Lands Act of 1953,

which established the current leasing

system. A separate measure in-

troduced by Senator Hollings, amend-

ing the Coastal Zone Management Act

of 1972, would "establish a \$200 mil-

lion fund to help states plan for, and

cope with, the onshore impact" of oil

A more sweeping proposal by Sena-

tor Jackson would create a federal

energy production board, which -

among other things - would control

The AFL-CIO, meanwhile, demands new anti-trust legislation to

break up the great international oil

federation, no single oil company

should own competing sources of

energy, such as coal, natural gas, and

(FEA), also has warned against oil

firms' buying up alternative sources

The AFL-CIO would have the fed-

eral government assume complete

control over all imparts - determine

their amounts, negotiate prices with

foreign producing governments, and

Finally, says the AFL-CIO, giant oil

firms should be divested of their

marketing operations, to separate the

sale of petroleum products from the

production and refining of crude oil.

allocate imported oil within the U.S.

John C. Sawhill, former head of the Federal Energy Administration

Specifically, says the giant labor

production off their coasts.

offshore oil operations.

Labor's anti-trust goal

This bill would amend the Outer

could begin.

"After exploration resulted in com-

sions within the public sector."

The bill sponsored by Senator Hol-

By Harry B. Ellis Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Washington Who will control vast United States offshore oil resources — government officials or private U.S. oil companies? The question is now at the forefront of energy decisionmaking

A first step toward an answer is being taken by the U.S. Supreme Court, which is hearing arguments on whether sovereignty over the outer continental shelf off the Atlantic Coast belongs to the federal government or to the states.

If the high court rules in favor of the U.S. Government, as is expected, the Interior Department plans to lease vast offshore tracts to private oil companies to explore, develop, and produce oil and natural gas.

No one denies the need of the U.S. to find new sources of energy, at a time when domestic output of oil is shrinking and the U.S. is becoming more dependent on foreign petroleum.

But "under the current system," as a Senate staffer put it, "once leases are awarded, the oil companies can make all the decisions."

Atlantic states, led by Maine, want to preserve decisionmaking powers for themselves, since the social and economic impact of offshore oil production would fall primarily on the affected states.

Even if they lose their current

The Fed fights for its autonomy By Richard L. Strout

Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Washington At stake in the current full-scale congressional examination of the United States Federal Reserve System is the question of its autonomy. Best guess here is that under the suave testimony of Chairman Arthur F. Burns it will retain it.

In immediate terms critics charge that the "Fed" has kept money rates too high and deepened the recession: Dr. Burns replies that the money rate has been progressively eased but that corporations are slow to borrow because of the lethargic economy. Confidence would be restored, he adds mildly, if Congress would give assurance of long-range budget control.

Dr. Burns is more diplomatic than his predecessor, William McChesney Martin, and is adept in a field where there is an almost built-in conflict

Technically the reserve system, created in 1913, is the creature of the Legislature, but it is also quasiindependent, non-political, designed to make credit flexible and avert money "panics." "Socialistic!" Railroad king James J. Hill pronounced it; and former Sen. Nelson Aldrich called it "revolutionary, socialistic, and unconstitutional." Ironically, today, liberals criticize it for being banker-oriented."

Sen. William Proxmire (D) of Wisconsin, chairman of the Senate Banking Committee, has a non-binding, sense-of-Congress resolution asking the Fed to consult more closely with the Legislature.

★Please turn to Page 4

New chill divides India Supreme Court suit, the states - and the rights of the American people and U.S. would be protected under bills introduced by Sen. Ernest F. Hollings (D) of South Carolina and by Sen.

By Razia Ismail Special to The Christian Science Monitor

New Delhi Whether or not spring comes to America and India in its normal annual season, relations between the two nations seem in for another cold

Washington's decision to resume arms supplies to Pakistan has in one stroke frozen New Delhi's attitude toward both the United States and Pakistan into one of stiff formality, which will take time and effort to

thaw out again. New Delhi's reaction to Pakistan Premier Zulfikar Ali Bhutto's armsseeking visit to America was adverse from the outset. The move was seen as contradictory to the amicable tone of the 1972 Simla agreement signed by Mr. Bhutto and Prime Minister Indira Gandhi to normalize ties weakened by decades of periodic war and suspi-

New Delhi's adverse reaction to initial reports that President Ford might lift the arms embargo was seen by some as an irrational flap over an imagined threat. But threat or not, India deeply opposes a revival of the doctrine that arms supply should be the basis for a "balance" in the subcontinent.

Different impression

Reports now reaching here cite the plea by Undersecretary of State Joseph J. Sisco that new weapons to Pakistan are necessary to counterbalance India's nuclear test of last

This is taken to indicate that the U.S. does not really believe that India will limit its nuclear energy to peaceful purposes. Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger had succeeded in leaving a different impression when he visited New Delhi a few months ago and said, "We take seriously India's affirmation that it has no intention to develop nuclear weap

Although Washington's latest move is unwelcome, this does not mean it was unexpected. A clear hint came last week when Indian Foreign Min-*Please turn to Page 4

U.S.-Soviet detente starving?

By Dev Murarka Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Moscow Soviet leaders and spokesmen keep on reassuring the public that detente with the United States is doing well.

But it is becoming increasingly evident in Moscow that the superpower detente is being deprived of its vital economic input. Unless some change is forthcoming soon, the result could be a very weak detente.

Meanwhile, Moscow has gone ahead and arranged for a credit from non-American sources of nearly \$9 billion for the next five-year period. Compared with this the \$400 million credit offered from the U.S. Export-Import Bank looks paltry indeed. Russians themselves now are raising the question whether the

superhuman effort put in by Soviet party leader Leonid I. Brezhnev to woo the American leaders, beginning with former President Nixon, was really necessary or worthwhile. France stands at the top of the creditors' league to the Soviet Union.

Paris has promised \$2.8 billion of credits. But after Prime Minister Harold Wilson's recent visit to the Soviet capital, Britain is bidding fair to eatch up with France, with a promised credit of \$2.4 billion.

Next comes West Germany with credits agreed so far amounting to \$1.5 billion, then Japan with credits of just over \$1 billion and more likely to come in the near future. Italy is the last in this league with credits just below \$1 billion.

*Please turn to Page 4

French frozen chicken delights Moscow

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Moscow

Question: What is the national bird

Answer: French frozen chicken.

Only the Muscovites can fully savor the joke. This is because during the last two months the city's food shops have been flooded with imported French frozen chicken. They are better than any other chickens sold in the past either in Moscow or other parts of the Soviet Union.

Continuous supply

of the Soviet Union?

But the most amazing part of the story is that they have been in continuous supply during this period. Moscow has imported chicken from abroad before, from Holland and West Germany, for instance. But

these disappear from the shops within a few days.

So either the Soviet authorities have bought very large quantities of the frozen birds this time or their supply methods have improved.

Bonus for Muscovites

Instead of dumping the whole lot on the market at once they are releasing them carefully according to the laws

This is a big bonus and pleasure for Muscovites though they are wondering just when the supplies will run out.

It is only in recent years that Soviet citizens have begun to savor the joys of more exotic fare. There has never been a lack of gustatory enjoyment but that good Russian black bread and piping hot borsch now are making way for more foreign imports.



Ford building 'bridges' to public

Regional conferences led by White House staffers already have modified some policies

By John Dillin Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Hollywood, Fla.

President Ford's grass-roots conferences already have changed one White House policy and are providing government leaders with valuable advice from the public.

William J. Baroody Jr., chief of the new Office of Public Liaison for the President, offers that view on the eve of this year's second White House Conference on Domestic and Economic Affairs.

Mr. Ford meets here with 600 Florida leaders this week to talk about the problems that are worrying them the most - the economy, energy, the environment, tourism.

Government policy may not change overnight as a result of conferences like this one in Hollywood, Fla., says Mr. Baroody. But these meetings are providing Washington policymakers with unprecedented two-way communications with the public.

Links broke down

Former President Richard M. Nixon would have benefited from such conferences, as would other presidents, says Mr. Baroody, who served as special consultant in the Nixon White House.

In the waning days of the Nixon administration, communications with the public broke down, Mr. Baroody

Legalized

gambling:

hot debate

By George Moneyhun

Staff correspondent of

The Christian Science Monitor

Many unanswered questions,

As state after state confronts the

often emotional issue of whether a

government-run betting operation

can safely provide financial relief for

hard-pressed cities and states, the

time draws nearer when the U.S.

Congress must "bite the bullet" and

determine a national policy on gam-

It is becoming increasingly evident

that whatever policy the National

Gambling Commission recommends

to Congress, a large segment of the

U.S. population is going to be dis-

satisfied. Both proponents and oppo-

nents are wary of federal inter-

vention. State gaming officials fear

federal regulations might infringe on

"state rights" and hamper the suc-

cess of lotteries, off-track betting, and

Opponents, however, fear a uniform

federal law might open the door to a

rapid proliferation of state betting

parlors and lend greater government

sanction and respectability to gam-

Currently half way through its three-year probe of U.S. gambling,

after which it will report its recom-

mendations to the President and to

Congress, the 15-member commission

has run into conflicting reports and a

lack of accurate information on such

- basic questions as: How many Amer-

icans gamble? How much money do

Information conflicting

other such ventures.

doubts, and suspicions swirl about the current debate over legalized gam-

bling in the United States.

New York

notes. Now the White House is trying to rebuild those links.

The White House effort is three pronged and includes:

 Major regional conferences like this week's meeting in Hollywood, Fla. Attendance: about 800. Topics: whatever local leaders want to dis-

• Tuesday at the White House. These weekly meetings, which began in January, bring together 50 to 75 local, state, and national leaders from a particular field, such as education, business, labor. Together with four or five top White House officials, they dig into a single problem for about three hours.

 Wednesday meetings. These bring about 20 leaders in a particular field to the White House for wideranging discussions with Cabinet members und other top officials.

It was one of those Wednesday meetings with construction-industry officials that triggered a shift in White House policy. The industry officials made a strong case in support of a bill in Congress to boost the limit on federally insured savings to \$50,000.

The White House had favored a

\$25,000 limit. But within 48 hours, officials decided to boost that to \$35,000. Then, a few weeks later, a White House conference in Atlanta heard further evidence in favor of an even higher limit. The White House decided to compromise with a \$40,000

gambling? What are the social and

moral consequences of legalized gam-

ton on sports betting, some of the

nation's leading athletic officials in-

dicated they felt a majority of Amer-

icans do not gamble and that rela-

tively little betting is done on sports

events. U.S. Justice Department offi-

cials in previous hearings, however,

estimated that between \$29 billion and

\$39 billion are wagered illegally in the

U.S., and 64 percent of the betting is

A radio talk host from Boston

estimated 60 percent of his listeners

favor legalizing bets on professional

sports, and less than a majority wants

gambling on college sports - al-

though the announcer indicated he

personally shared the view of sports

officials who objected to all legalized

Similar conflicting testimony came from two reputed "experts" on gam-

bling, both associated with illegal

Even 'experts' disagree

sports betting.

attributed to sports bookmaking.

In last week's hearing in Washing-

bling?

to the second standard and a

One American for gambling—how many others?

they bet? What percentage of the gamblers. One said there has been a

At this year's first regional conference in Atlanta, White House officials were battered with a laundry list of complaints ranging from anger over a proposal to boost the cost of food stamps to protests over tight money.

Some of the same complaints are expected from the 800 participants at this week's conference here at a large, ocean-front hotel.

Mr. Baroody, interviewed in a statte here overlooking the Atlantic, noted that every possible step is being taken to assure maximum public participa-

Participation procedure

Those attending have been selected by about 15 local organizations ranging from the Latin Chamber of Commerce in Miami and Hisleah to the Dade League of Women Voters. Most of those attending will pay an \$18 fee. including \$9.50 for luncheon, to cover most of the conference expenses. But about 100 tickets will be provided for those unable to pay.

The Baroody White House team, now up to 30 staffers, hopes to stage at least 20 of these conferences in 1975. The next two will be in California

and in the Northeast, Mr. Baroody says, although the exact sites haven't been announced.

If the White House program is a success, Mr. Baroody says, it could become a permanent feature of government in Washington and could provide the public with a valuable tool for influencing federal policy.

By a staff photographer

that there are only five big book-

makers left in the country who could

handle a bet of \$100,000. The second

"expert" disagreed and said that he

could locate five such bookmakers in

After last week's hearings, commis-

sion chairman Charles Morin, a

Washington attorney, indicated he was not impressed with sports offi-

cial's arguments against legalizing

gambling. Mr. Morin echoes a senti-

ment voiced repeatedly by commis-

sion members during the hearing -

that while sports officials insisted

legalized gambling would destroy

their sports, they could offer no

tangible evidence to back up their

The response from the sports com-

missioner was that it would be impos-

sible to offer such proof since legal

betting had never been tried here, but

in their view, the risks such gambling

held for sports were too great to even

The gambling commission will is-

sue its first interim report within 60

days. Its final report and recommen-

dations will go to President Ford and

contemplate experimenting with.

Congress in October, 1976.

the Times Square area alone.



By R. Norman Matheny, staff photographer Church: avoids duplication

Congress to tie CIA, FBI probes How to prevent effort duplication

By Robert P. Hey Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Washington

In a brief, informal meeting, the chairmen of the special Senate and House probes into CIA and FBI activities have agreed in principle to work to prevent duplication of effort.

Specifics have not yet been discussed, but are expected to be at a meeting in about a week between Rep. Lucien N. Nedzi, chairman of the House committee, and Sen. Frank Church, Senate committee chairman. Senator Church has sought such agreement since he was named to the committee earlier this month.

One possibility mentioned by sources close to both men is joint hearings by the two special committees which would save both time and money. Another possibility is a clear division of labor — such as having one committee probe the CIA and the other the FBL

Discussion outlined

Early this week, the Nedzi committee is to hold its first meeting since the House established it the middle of last week. At this meeting, committee members will discuss staffing, committee rules, purposes of the committee investigation, and how to proceed. They also are expected to dicuss the Nedzi-Church agreement that there should be action to prevent overlapping of effort with the Senate ommittee: the discussion may include ways to achieve this.

Following this meeting chairmen Nedzi and Church are expected to discuss specifics.

Representative Nedzi became chairman of the special committee after convincing the Democratic steering committee that alleged CIA excesses occurred before he assumed the chairmanship of a CIA-oversight subcommittee 1½ years ago. According to one source, he told the steering committee in an "impassioned plea" that he since had held some 150 meetings with CIA personnel, and convinced the committee that he had diligently exercised his oversight responsibility during this time.

Experience acquired

Additionally, from his position as subcommittee chairman Mr. Nedzi had gained experience in dealing with CIA activities. Overall, says a source who was there, 'he made such a strong case" to the Democratic steering committee "that they just couldn't turn him down" on his request that he be named to head the committee.

Thus, Democrats selected him chairman over objections of some House members who sought a chairman without previous relationship with CIA investigations - which would have paralleled the appointment of Idaho's Frank Church.

Pre-independence lineup

Race accelerates for control of Angola

By Geoffrey Godsell Overseas news editor of The Christian Science Monitor

The lineup of African forces competing to be on top in Angola when that vast Portuguese territory becomes independent in November now is becoming clear.

The dissident Daniel Chipenda who has hitherto had a considerable guerrilla force in Mexico province on the Zaire border — was left out in the cold in the talks between other Angolan leaders and the Portuguese in January which agreed on a timetable for independence. Now he has apparently come in from the cold by allying himself with Holden Roberto, leader of the National Front for the Liberation of Angola (FNLA).

Together Mr. Chipenda and Mr. Roberto are the favorites of President Mobutu of Zaire in the race for eventual control of Angola, Mr. Roberto has long used the Zaire capital of Kinshasa as his base, and his wife is a Zairoise. He himself comes from the Bakongo people who live astride the Zaire-Angola frontier.

The future of Angola is of concern to Zaire, not least because of Angola's considerable natural wealth, including the oil in Cabinda, the enclave separated from the rest of Angola by the mouth of the Congo River. Also of interest to Zaire is the railroad across Angola from the copper belt in Katanga province to the Atlantic port of Benguela, through which most of Zaire's great copper exports reach

Candidate of Chinese

During the struggle for supremacy within the African nationalist movements within Angola, Mr. Roberto has also been the candidate of the Chinese, who sent instructors to train FNLA guerrillas within Zaire.

President Mobutu, albeit increasingly authoritarian, is anything but a Communist, and his joining the Chinese in backing Mr. Roberto may seem strange. But after seeing the apparent success of the Chinese building of the Tanzam railroad to give Zambia an outlet to the sea (on the east coast of Africa), General Mobutu is reportedly interested in the possi-

bility of a Chinese-built railroad from Katanga to the west coast of Africa to avoid his dependence on the outlet across Angola to Benguela,

(There is no definitive evidence of the Americans taking sides in the struggle among the Angolan nation. alist movements. But since, in many African eyes, President Mobutu is a favorite of the U.S., and since President Mobutu backs Mr. Roberto, Mr. Roberto is to many Africans the candidate of the Americans, too.)

Russian support

Since the Chinese (and perhaps the Americans) back Mr. Roberto and the FNLA, it is hardly surprising that the Russians support the other Angolan nationalist movement of long standing, the Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola (MPLA) and its leader Agostinho Neto. Mr. Neto who speaks fluent Portuguese and has a Portuguese wife - is a nationalist with avowedly Marxist inclinations. He is the favorite of the more radical members of the Armed Forces Movement in Portugal which overthrew the authoritarian Caetano regime last April and opened the way to independence for Portugal's African territories.

Indeed the top Portuguese in Ang. ola until a few weeks ago, Adm. Rosa Coutinho, was so pro-MPLA that the Portuguese agreed to replace him with a less committed High Commissioner, Gen. Silva Caedoso, so that the other African movements could operate undr a less biased umpire in the months running up to independence.

If the FNLA has now won the support of Mr. Chipenda, the MPLA could already point to a more tacit and less open lineup with yet another nationalist movement, Jonas Savimbi's National Union for the Total Independence of Angola (UNITA). Both FNLA and MPLA are movements of longer standing than UNITA, but the latter has recently surprised many by its quiet strength and appeal.

Yet the basic problem remains: to keep the FNLA and MPLA (and Messrs. Roberto and Neto) working together harmoniously until independence - and thereafter.

*Portugal nears elections, uncertain under junta rule

Continued from Page 1

return from exile last April to become his country's Foreign Minister. He meant that the officers would not remain permanently in power as a left-wing revolutionary government but would hand over power to the civilians.

Visit canceled

Dr. Soares is leader of the Socialists and easily the most popular civilian in Portugal. But today he is not so sure of the officers' intentions. He had to cancel at the last minute a trip to a Socialist International meeting in West Berlin to evaluate the armed forces' latest proposals.

"Portugal today feels insecure because it does not know where it is going or by what road," Dr. Soares was reported as saying publicly recently. "The country has a right to know this,"

Along with Francisco Sa Carneiro, leader of the Popular Democrats, Dr. Soares expressed fears that the country might be headed for civil war unless a program acceptable to all major parties could be worked out.

The concern of the Socialists and of the Popular Democrats arises from the position of strength achieved by the third coalition partner, the Communists, led by taciturn Alvaro Cunhal. Mr. Cunhal returned from exile in Moscow about the same time Dr. Soares came back from Paris.

The Communist Party controls the trade union movement and has a strong disciplined membership throughout the country.

Mr. Cunhal's tactics have been to

assert complete solidarity with the Armed Forces Movement and to accuse other parties of trying to drive a wedge between his party and the officers. In this tactic he has had the explicit support of Moscow

Elections for a constituent assembly are to be held April 12, and 22 parties have already announced plans to field candidates. Campaigning is to start March 8. But the Armed Forces Movement has threatened to delay this date until its proposals for the future have been discussed and ac-

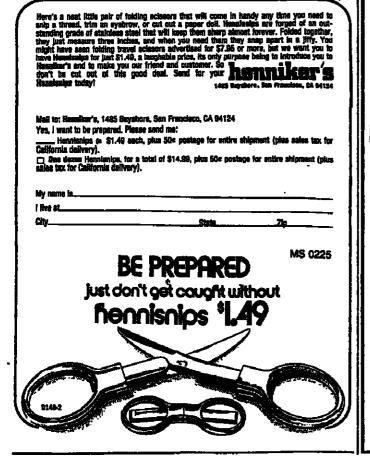
cepted by the political parties. The proposals, reportedly in seven points, call for the armed forces' right to choose the ministers of defense and of the economy, to approve candidates for the presidency, to turn the Council of State (which the officers control) into an upper house, and most important, to remain in power indefinitely as a "guarantor" that their program will be carried out faithfully.

This specifically breaks the officers' pledge to return to barracks after the election of a civilian government. In an emotional speech Feb. 20 Brig. Gen. Vasco Goncalves, Premier of the 17-man Cabinet (of whom nine members are military) acknowledged: "I am the same man who [in a speech Oct. 5 last year] hoped the military would return to their barracks once new state organizations had been established. But the experience of the last several months has convinced me of the contrary. The armed forces will remain the guarantors of the Portuguese revolution."

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Will oil price be tied to inflation?

dollar and other currencies.

people who believe the price of oil

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"The price of oil has decreased if

you consider . . . that the industrial-

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to us at about 85 percent more. . . . If our purchasing power becomes less

and less, we will have to defend

debate, as OPEC wishes, from oil to

the entire range of inflation problems.

OPEC's new deliberations take

ourselves."

By John K. Cooley

Staff correspondent of

The Christian Science Monitor

The dollar and its dropping pur-

chasing power promise to be squarely

in the center of the great debate on oil

prices, about to reopen in Vienna and

Ministers of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries

(OPEC), meeting in Vienna Feb. 25 to

prepare for the OPEC summit confer-

ence in Algiers March 4, have before

them a Kuwaiti Government sugges-

tion to raise oil prices in proportion to

An OPEC experts committee

working paper for the Vienna meet-

ing, the French news agency re-

ported. Under the proposal the "freeze" of oil prices would be made

conditional on agreement by the in-

increasingly expensive industrial

to attend another meeting of OPEC

oil, foreign, and finance ministers

March 1-3 in Algiers, just before the

summit. The inflation and dollar

issues are likely to be discussed

Recent visitors to the Shah of Iran

have come away with the impression

that Iran may closely support Kuwait

and other OPEC members who want

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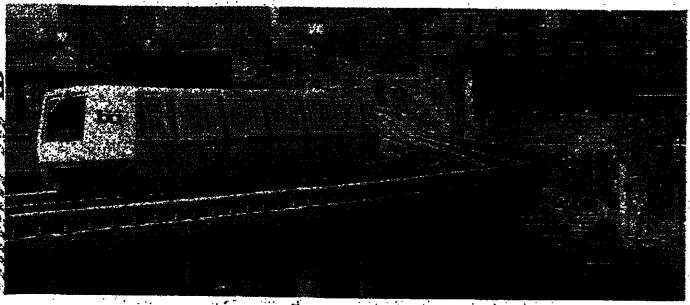
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intensively.

new decreases in the dollar's value.

For OPEC ministers, it's a central issue

Beirut, Lebanon



Need for safety may put brakes on BART

3ART faces threat of shutdown

By Frederic A. Morita Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

San Francisco's speedy, comput-ized rapid transit system has colded with one more obstacle in its bid lure commuters from their cars.

. A state regulatory commission now intatively threatens to shut down the 1-mile, \$1.6-billion BART (Bay Area apid Transit) system unless it can ome up with new assurances that ifety planning methods really work. The possibility of a shutdown was used by Public Utilities Commisoner Leonard Ross, after last eek's PUC hearings into safety sues raised by three BART accients in January. To justify continued nerations, BART must grant assurnces before an unspecified deadline, e indicated.

BART and commission officials are cheduled to meet privately this week) from out the details.

Also threatened are BART's exansion plans. An additional com-

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trains passing through the 3.6-mile Bay tunnel four minutes rather than the present six minutes apart is already in place, and, after further testing, a third transbay line was expected to get PUC approval in the

next few months. Longer-operating hours and weekend service also were planned for late

"There is no question but that we will require stronger safety guarantees before we permit them to expand," Mr. Ross now says.

Yet BART remains, to the average rider, comfortable and generally ef-

Three accidents in month

Last month's accidents included: • \$100,000 worth of damage Jan. 10 when a train in a rail yard was derailed after an operator failed to obey a tower supervisor's switch instructions. An inquiry led to firing the operator and a recommendation that procedures be more strictly

• The Jan. 19 fatal injury of a maintenance worker and \$700,000 in damages when a test train collided with a maintenance car after the confused maintenance man mistakenly took up position on a southbound rather than a northbound track. An inquiry blamed the maintenance man and the train dispatcher, and recommended that maintenance vehicles be equipped with devices to warn of their resence. It also urged a "safety first" approach by dispatchers who have the slightest suspicion anything is wrong.

• A Jan. 27 accident without serious damage or injury in which a ear ''ran away'' down a sloping track after being uncoupled. An inquiry urged safer coupling procedures and improved review of workman quali-

A BART spokesman says most of these recommendations already have been adopted, and earlier this month BART established a new department of safety.

Mixed reviews on efforts

All this comes at a time of mixed reviews for BART's efforts to cut back auto traffic on the San Francisco Bay Bridge.

Peak morning rush hour bridge traffic was down to 21,500 cars in December from 28,000 before BART transbay service began Sept. 16. A bridge spokesman says some of the improvement has been lost because remaining drivers now often leave later, causing jams almost as hig as

In addition 50 percent of BART's riders were lured away from buses, according to BART estimates.

But over the long haul BART officials hope to attract more drivers with increased commuter parking

Meanwhile, BART officials are coping with rush-hour delays caused by problems that leave from 50 to 60 percent of the system's cars out of service at any one time.

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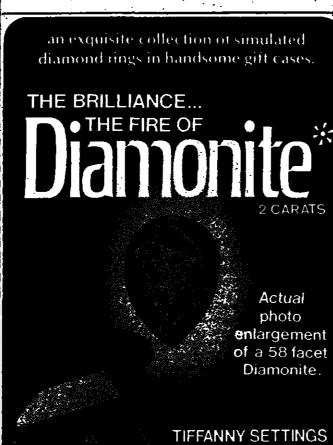
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adopted the Kuwaiti proposal as a Inflation, not just oil The Kuwaiti suggestion, if adopted at Algiers and offered at the produstrial states to freeze prices of their ducer-consumer oil summit scheduled to take place in France later this year, would automatically expand the Most OPEC states now have agreed

to boost oil prices as a function of the place against a backdrop of recent declining purchasing power of the production cuts by such OPEC members as Kuwait itself, Iran, Abu Dhabi, Nigeria, and Algeria. There After his Feb. 19 meeting in Swithave also been slight price decreases zerland with U.S. Secretary of State because of falling demand and a large Henry A. Kissinger, the Shah told world surplus of oil this season. newsmen, "I am not one of those

The U.S.-owned Trans-Arabian Pipeline Company (Tapline) last Feb. 9 haited pumping of Saudi crude oil to its Mediterranean export terminal at Sidon, Lebanon. A Tapline spokesman explained that crude oil tanker loadings at Sidon have virtually halted.

Tanks are full

All Sidon's storage tanks are full. Existing stocks are being used to satisfy Lebanon's requirements, and deliveries of 17,000 barrels per day are being continued to the Zarqa refinery in Jordan for Jordan's needs.

Last November's tax and royalty increases in Saudi Arabia made Saudi oil delivered at Sidon about \$2 a barrel more expensive than Saudi oil picked up by supertankers at the Ras Tannurah terminal on the Persian Gulf.





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Inside the news-briefly

WITH ANALYSIS
FROM MONITOR CORRESPONDENTS AROUND THE WORLD

Greece thwarts coup attempt by officers

The Greek Government foiled an attempted coup Monday by a number of military officers, an authoritative source said here.

Greece's armed forces and security police have been placed on a state of alert to face any further moves against the government, the source said.

An official announcement was expected later giving details of the coup attempt. The source said the officers had not succeeded in putting their plans into effect.

Poll says U.S. majority would cut aid to Israel

Forty-one percent of Americans favor a cut in U.S. military aid for Israel, while 37 percent think it should continue, and 8 percent would like to increase it. Time magazine says in a survey published in this week's edition.

The survey conducted by the firm of Yankelovich, Skelly, White, Inc., showed little change from U.S. sentiment last year, Time said. It added that 52 percent of

Americans who were asked opposed any formal treaty what would commit the United States to support israel with troops and arms in case of an attack, 35 precent approved of such a treaty, and 13 percent were uncertain.

Soviet oil reserves called double U.S.

Washington A senior U.S. Treasury official estimated Monday that the Soviet Union's oil reserves are double those of the United States.

Assistant Treasury Secretary for Energy and Trade Gerald Parsky said Soviet reserves totaled 75 billion barrels, compared with estimated U.S. reserves of around 35 billion barrels.

He gave the estimate at a National Press Club breakfast session and said it was based on his talks with Soviet officials during his visit to Moscow earlier this month.

Mr. Parsky also judged Russia is producing about 9 million barrels of oil a day, compared with the present U.S. domestic production of about 8.5 million barrels.

He noted that the price for Russian crude now has about half the world price of just over \$11 a barrel.

Soviet tennis star picked for 'world series'

Olga Morozova of the Soviet Union Monday was named the fourth player who will compete in the \$100,000 World Series of Women's Tennis at Austin, Texas, on April 19 and 20.



Oiga Morozova

She joins Chris Evert, Billie Jean King, and Evonne Goolagong, who were previously selected for the tournament. The winner will receive \$50,000 - with \$25,000, \$15,000, and \$10,000 prizes for the others.

India says Sheikh accepts Kashmir rule New Delhi

Prime Minister Indira Gandhi announced Monday that the Indian Government and Sheikh Mohammed Abdullah, the Kashmiri leader, have

settled their 22-year dispute over the future of the Himalayan state.

The Prime Minister, whose father ialied Sheikh Abdullah in 1953 on charges of plotting Kashmir's secession, told Parliament that the Shelk now accepts his state's accession to India as "final and irrevocable "

The government agreed that Sheikh Abdullah will take over the government Tuesday in the three-fifths of Kashmir that is controlled by India.

Pakistan controls the rest of the 86,000-square-mile state and has said it will not recognize the agreement between India and Sheikh Abdullah because it was not a party to the necotiations. Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto has threatened to call a general strike throughout Kashmir on Friday to protest the agreement.

Postal chief defends efficiency studies Washington

The nation's new postmaster general says he will go ahead with a controversial delivery system, if it makes service more efficient - despite a strike threat by letter carriers.

"If it would result in the elimination of a number of jobs but maintain good postal service for the American public, then I think we'd have an obligation to implement it," Benjamin F. Bailar said in an interview.

Social Security deficit

Rising Inflation and unemployment are throwing the Social Security retirement system into deficit years earlier than expected, the government said Monday in its first official confirmation of economists' predictions.

Actuaries in the Social Security Administration said, however, that the multibillion-dollar reserves would be able to handle the deficit through the remainder of this decade even if no new financing laws were passed. In a report to the House Ways and Means Committee and the Senate Finance Committee, the administration projected a \$2.5 billion deficit at the end of 1975, leaving trust fund reserves totaling \$43.4 billion, or 66 percent of a year's benefit payments.

Under the new estimates, the reserve fund would drop steadily to a low of \$800 million by the end of 1980, enough to pay only 9 percent of benefits for a year.

Current law calls for Social Security tax rate increases from the present 5.85 percent to 6.05 percent each on employers and employees in 1978, and to 6.30 percent in 1981.

The wage base upon which Social Security taxes are levied rose to \$14,100 this year, and is adjusted upward automatically each year following a benefit increase.

The more than 30 million Social Security recipients are scheduled to receive an 8.7 percent cost of living increase in July.

The controversy concerns the Letter Carrier Route Evaluation System, developed to measure individual carriers' performance so that more efficient routes can be established.

The basis of the system is a computerized study of every carrier's route to measure the number of letters delivered, miles walked, and other logistics - including the number of dogs on the route. The system was tried last year in Kokomo, Ind., where the number of carriers was reduced from 25 to 23 as a result. The same system is now in effect in Portland. Ore., and thus far has led to the addition of one carrier there.

Spain to protect art from air poliution

\$6 million has been appropriated by the Spanish Government to protect the Prado Museum's priceless paintings from the ravages of air pollution.



Portrait of a Gentleman "The impurities of Madrid's air are attacking the varnish on the canvases and could soon affect the pigments,' the art gallery's director, Xavier de Salas, told Richard Mowrer, Monitor

correspondent. The funds are to be used over a three-year period to install air conditioning and other equipment to control museum temperatures, humidity, and atmospheric pollution.

Susan Ford seeks photography job Washington

Susan Ford, the President's 17-yearold daughter, has been studying photography and is applying for work

Susan Ford

as a summer intern photographer at the Washington Post, a White House spokeswoman says.

Sheila Weidenfeld, Mrs.: Ford's press secretary, said Sunday that Susan has yet to hear from the Post. She said Susan's lessons are under the guidance of White House photographer David Kennerly.

Disney denies Cario pyramid story

Los Angeles A spokesman for Walt Disney Productions Monday flatly denied a report in the Cairo newspaper Al-Ahram that the Disney organization had offered to build a glass pyramid as a tourist attraction in Egypt.

"It's a sort of terrible embarrassment to us that this story should have been given worldwide publicity," said James Stewart, spokesman for the company. 'There is no truth to the story whatsoever.

Mr. Stewart said the Disney organization had not made any offer of any sort to Egypt and was not engaged in any form of negotiation with the Egyptian Government about such a tourist scheme.

U.S. to give food aid totaling \$900 million United Nations, N.Y.

The United States announced here Monday that it will provide up to \$900 million worth of food aid this year to countries hardest hit by the world economic crisis.

U.S. Ambassador John A. Scali told a consultative meeting of the World Food Council that the \$1.6 billion budgeted by the United States this year to purchase agricultural commodites and cover freight costs would obtain about 5.5 million tons of grain.

Back to the Mideasi

United States Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger will return to the Mideast March 8 seeking to conclude another disengagement agreement between Egypt and Israel by March 26 Cairo newspapers reported Monday. The state-controlled Cairo radio monitored in Beirut, Lebanon, quoted Egyptian newspaper reports as saying Mr. Kissinger wants the new disengagement accord signed one month before the mandate of the United Nations peacekeeping force expires on April 26.

Ruler of Nepal

Seated cross-legged in Katmandu c his dynastic throne under a canopy of nine golden cobras, 29-year-old Birendra Bir Bikram Shah Deva received the plumed crown of Nepal Monday in a Hindu ritual that made hi the 10th ruler in the Himalayan kingdom's 200-year Shah Dynasty.

Ford to recall workers

Ford Motor Company will begin recalling workers from indefinite layor in March, when the firm plans to increase auto production 50 percent above this month's low levels, the company announced Sunday in Dearborn, Mich.

Loan defaults unexpecte

U.S. Commissioner of Education Terrell Bell said he planned to ask Congress Monday for an additional \$6 million to cover defaults in the federal guaranteed student loan program, Mr Bell said in Dallas that the current 14 percent default rate was unexpected.

Windy greeting for Que

Winds of 30 m.p.h. prevented Quee Elizabeth of Britain and the Duke of Edinburgh from leaving the royal yach Britannia in Cozumel Harbor Monday morning at the start of the state visit to Mexico by a British monarch. British officials in Cozumel said they would sail six miles (10 kilometers) north to a yacht harbor called Puerto Abrigo and drive back to Cozumel Airport before flying to Mexico City.

*U.S.-Soviet link starving?

Nine billion dollars of credit even for the Soviet Union is not chicken feed. The calculation in Moscow appears to be that now, even if American credits are no longer forthcoming, the next Soviet five-year plan can get by on these credits from the West European countries and Japan.

Warning made good

At the same time it also is clear that Moscow has put in a lot of effort to obtain these credits partly to make good its occasional warning to the United States that if Washington is not serious about starting trade and economic ties on a big enough scale, Moscow can go other places and to alternative sources for goods and

Soviet experts also have argued that in the long run it will hurt American business interests much more to be kept out of the vast Soviet market because of their own legislative restrictions, than it would hurt the Soviet economy. At worst, it could delay the realization of some economic projects by a few years and no more, the Soviets claim.

The Soviets also have been helped enormously by another objective factor. In the early days of the Brezhnev-Nixon honeymoon, when it looked as though American credits and trade were coming the Soviet way on a massive scale, the West Europeans became concerned that they might be bid out of the market. Therefore, they hastened to extend large-scale credits to the Soviet Union. Britain was the only exception to this rule and as a result Anglo-Soviet trade stagnated for several years.

Now the British, too, have made good with their promise of massive credits, because, though the prospects of a big American drive on the Soviet market have receded, the British feel that it cannot be counted out. Sooner or later the United States is bound to launch a fresh effort to capture the Soviet market, they feel.

Thus, though the Russians have not obtained direct economic benefit for detente from the United States itself, indirectly they have benefited greatly. The possible loss of trade to United States competition seems more than any other factor to have stimulated more credits from the West European countries to Moscow. And now that the expected competition from the U.S. has not materialized these countries also are trying to make sure that their stakes are underpinned and firmed by credit

The paradoxical result is that a special Soviet-American relationship, or threat of it, has resulted in an unhoped for credit bonanza from Europe for the Soviet Union.

In addition some of the industries in Europe also have benefited from a spin-off of subsidiary orders for machinery from plants which are being modernized or set up with American help, such as the Kama truck plant. In many cases the American contractors themselves have found it more profitable to buy part of their requirements in the European market.

★ Pakistan arms question chills U.S.-India ties

Continued from Page 1

ister Y. B. Chavan had told Parliament he might have to defer plans to visit Washington for the India-U.S. Joint Commission talks scheduled early in March.

Informed sources also say, however, that New Delhi had hoped the arms supply issue might be discussed in Washington by Dr. Kissinger and Mr. Chavan before any decision was

Indication of priority

The fact that the U.S. would not delay its decision for a few weeks until after the scheduled India-U.S. talks, or until after the arrival in New Delhi of new American Ambassador William B. Saxbe, is seen as a clear indication of where U.S. priorities lie.

Meanwhile, Soviet Defense Minister Andrei A. Grechko landed here Monday for talks with Indian leaders. His visit was planned as a goodwill trip two months ago, but now assumes added significance.

The informal comment in government circles here is that Moscow has always been "very friendly and understanding" about India's defense needs. The steady flow of Chinese arms to Pakistan as well as the new U.S. arms decision will doubtless figure in Mr. Grechko's talks agenda.

A diplomatic delay

Greater Soviet support for India's growing defense production capability may be one outcome of the series of events. But this should not surprise anyone in Washington.

The tragicomic tailpiece to the whole episode is Ambassador Saxbe's failure to arrive in New Delhi on schedule. The American Embassy here first said he was ill in Bangkok, but Mr. Saxbe himself scuttled that excuse by claiming perfect health. He will hardly be able to make that claim about India-American relations, at least for some time.

*Capitol Hill page view

Continued from Page 1

Those serving in the Senate tend to be younger than their House counterparts and sit on the carpeted rostrum at the front of the Senate waiting for fingers to be snapped or speeches to be finished. House pages sit at the rear of the floor and take their cue from boards which members light up by pressing buttons under the House

Most coveted job among House pages is that of Speaker's page, held by Paul Byrd of Oklahoma, who sits at a desk to the right of the Speaker's, ready to follow Carl Albert's bidding. "It's the greatest job anywhere — just ask any page," says Paul, who has not decided yet whether he will study politics or medicine and whose brother, now in college, was a page here before Paul in the 1960s.

Pages stay on in Washington from two months to two years, depending on their sponsor's term of office and their academic record. Just how they are chosen remains something of a mystery, a practice governed more by custom than any written set of

"I've never been given a list of which members have patronage,' says Mr. Hoffman, 'but I'm sure seniority has a lot to do with it."

One innovation in the 1970s has been the introduction of girl pages, now accounting for about one-third of the

In time there will be a new page school, combining classroom space with a dormitory. Congress has approved it, and the site has been cleared. But so far that is all. With it, the faculty of six will be able to offer chemistry for the first time.

"We got the message from the Library of Congress that they didn't want the kids to blow up the building," says Mr. Hoffman, "but that's the one course we don't have that we really want,"

Small as it is, the school offers the usual array of dances, yearbook activities, and even a basketball team. This year for the first time the school has its own cheerleaders. Julie is the captain. A spaghetti dinner was held for friends to raise \$400 to buy uniforms.

Graduation is usually held in the House Ways and Means Committee or . Longworth caucus room to the accompaniment of the Navy band, flowers from Congress's botanical gardens, and a commencement speech by one of the resident politicians. This year, says Mr. Hoffman, the student body is "shooting for the moon - they think they can get President Ford."

Limited arms for Pakistan

U.S. lifting of embargo risks rising tensions in South Asia

By Guy Halverson Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Washington Lifting the U.S. arms embargo to

 Is expected to bolster Pakistani defenses at a time of increasing political turmoil there.

 Could sharply increase tensions throughout the Indian Ocean Basin, since the end of the embargo is expected to be followed by new arms deliveries to India by Moscow, and possibly a larger Soviet naval presence in the Indian Ocean.

Further erosion uncertain

Pakistan continues to have strained relations with both India and Afghanistan. Iran, meanwhile, is both building up its own arms and stepping up. its aid programs with Pakistan. The Shah of Iran has indicated that under no circumstances would he allow Pakistan to be further fragmented, as happened in 1971, when East Pakistan broke away and became Bangladesh. Whether the move will in fact lead

to a further erosion of U.S.-India relations, as Indian Government officials insist, is uncertain. An Indian embassy official here insists that the arms decision will sharply "affect Indo-American friendship" because it is an indication of U.S. support for what the Indians consider a repressīve regime in neighboring Pakistan.

U.S. State Department sources, however, discount the Indian criticism. They note that India - which outclasses Pakistan in all areas of weaponry, besides having its own defense industry — is now entertaining a top Soviet defense mission headed by Defense Minister Marshal Andrei A. Grechko. The Soviets, who have become India's main foreign arms supplier, shortly are expected to

announce a new weapons agreement. The arms for Pakistan - essentially limited, defensive weapons have been eagerly sought in the past year. They became a central point: discussion during recent talks her between Prime Minister Zulfikar A Bhutto and President Ford.

Key position in basin

At the point where the Gulf of Ome meets the Arabian Sea, Pakists occupies a key position in the India Ocean basin. Yet, internally, ti nation is facing rising threats fragmentation. The opposition n tional Awami Party was banned ea lier this month following the assass nation of a government official in the

northwest frontier province. Political instability is evident Baluchistan, which juts southwar

towards the Arabian Sea. The arms shipments themselve flow across the broad step-up in U. food assistance to Pakistan Durin Mr. Bhutto's visit here early in Febr ary, the U.S. announced that Pakista would be sold some 300,000 tons (grain at preferential prices under th Food for Peace Program. This to lowed an earlier sale of 100,000 ton

late last year. The U.S. arms embargo first we imposed on Pakistan and India i 1965, but subsequently modified t permit sale of some ''nonlethal'' mil

tary equipment, such as trucks. In lifting the embargo to both Indi and Pakistan, the State Departmer carefully noted it would consider eac request for weapons in relation to th overall political climate in the region

General Western policy

"In making this modification, w are bringing U.S. policy in line wit other Western arms suppliers," the State Department said Monday "This is a 'cash only' policy. We ar not planning to provide any equil ment on a grant military basis or 0

credit." The weapons eventually receive by Pakistan are expected here t involve essentially light arms - ar tiaircraft and antitank weapons. Bu the Pakistanis also are seeking mod ern aircraft.

"Our overall policy toward Sout Asia," the State Department said 'remains exactly as Secretary (c State Henry A.) Kissinger stated of his trip to the region last fall: W have no interest in upsetting th strategic balance in the subcontines or resuming our pre-1965 role as major arms supplier to the region. W do not intend to stimulate the arm

★The Fed fights for its autonomy

Continued from Page 1

At hearings before the congressional Joint Economic Committee, under Sen. Hubert H. Humphrey (D) of Minnesota, prominent economists charged the Fed with prolonging the recession by tight money policies. Economist Paul W. McCracken called the money rate "entirely too restrictive" and charged that "really it helped set the stage for the current

recession." Ford Motor Company chairman: Henry Ford II testified Feb. 19, "There is widespread impression that monetary policy has already been eased: but this is simply not so."

The Proxmire resolution has three parts: It tells the Fed to "take appropriate action in the first half of 1975 to increase the money supply at a rate substantially higher than in recent experience and appropriate to actively promote economic recovery." Dr. Burns says it is doing this.

Third is key It also directs the Fed to consider "the economy's long-rum potential to increase production, maximum employment, and stable prices." Dr. Burns says it is doing this.

The third part is the key: "The Federal Reserve staff shall consult over \$100 billions.

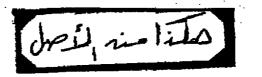
with Congress at semiannual hearings" before the Senate-House Banking Committees on its future plans.

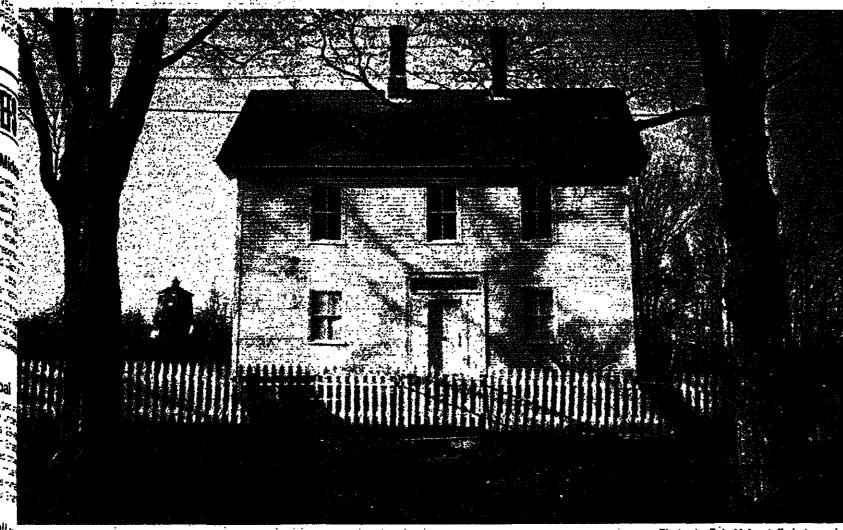
In effect, this orders the Fed to consult with the committees before, rather than after (as at present), on money supply growth targets and on similar monetary policy plans six months ahead. So far, Dr. Burns has not responded to this.

Following chairman Burns' testi-

mony on Feb. 25, the Banking Committee hears statements from representative bankers this week. Dr. Burns already has achieved one victory as Congress gives the Fed the most critical survey in 10 years. Rep. Henry S. Reuss (D) of Wisconsin, chairman of the House Banking Committee, withdrew a bill directing the Fed to lower long-term interest rates. Dr. Burns had strongly criticized this direct order by Congress:

"Our influence over long-term interest rates is marginal and could be perverse," he said earlier. Congress should understand, he said, that international inflation has belied increase American inflation. Congress can help most, he argued, by trimming federal spending and by not permitting the anticipated deficit to soar





Photos by Pete Main, staff photographer

The last Shakers

The religious community renowned lor its simple, elegant furniture has dwindled from several thousand members a century ago to a handful today — all women. From one of their two remaining communities, a Monitor correspondent reports on their life-style - still self-assured greemalthough they are the last of their

> By Stephen Webbe Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

> > Sabbathday Lake, Maine

From the gentle, smiling faces of its members one would never guess that the tiny band here is threatened with extinction.

But the Shakers have smiled on adversity ever since they fled to America from England yin 1774, and while time has thinned their ranks it has not apparently eroded their faith. The basic tenet of the Shakers is cer They have counted on conversions - and

adoptions - to swell their numbers.

But both have been declining steadily since the mid-19th century, and now there are only 12 Shakers left in the entire United States. All women, or "sisters," they live in two neat communities of black-and-white clapboard buildings at Sabbathday Lake. Maine, and = East Canterbury, N.H.

A variety of religious and economic reasons lies behind the decline in membership and an increase in defections - since the Civil War.

As industrial production of consumer goods drove the famed products of Shaker artisans off the market, the Shaker way of life apparently attracted fewer devout craftsmen. And Shakers began to hire outside workers for routine tasks; their presence tended to introduce worldly ways into Shaker

Adoption abandoned

Most of the Shakers at Sabbathday Lake were adopted into the community from broken homes or as orphans and wards of the state. Similarly disadvantaged children were to be found in the village as recently as 1969, but the sisters felt unable to cope when they were asked to accommodate "hurt" and "damaged" youngsters.

Confronted with increasing numbers of thildren who, they felt, "needed to be in "therapy," they abandoned their traditional policy of adoption and accepted, even if they did not admit it, that they would be the last

While the sisters at Sabbathday Lake radiate tranquillity, they are wary of talking

about their lives as Shakers, claiming that newspapers and magazines have misrepresented the faith and its followers. It was only after much genial persuasion by a Monitor photographer that they consented to have their pictures taken — and then only while they worked in the kitchen or at the

Situated 15 miles north of Concord, the East Canterbury Shaker village, which was founded in 1792, once boasted 300 people and some 3,000 acres of rolling countryside. Now four sisters oversee some 700 acres and tend its museum and gift shop, from which they earn a modest income.

Eight sisters remain

The Sabbathday Lake Shaker community. established a year later, still holds virtually all its original 2,000 acres, but only eight sisters now live in a community which once numbered 187. They, too, earn a livelihood from a museum and gift shop - supplemented by the sale of produce from their

A little over 100 years ago the United Society of Believers in Christ's Second Appearing, as the Shaker sect is more formally known, could claim some 6.000 adherents scattered among 18 communities in Massachusetts, Connecticut, New Hampshire, Maine, New York, Indiana, Ohio, and Ken-

It was in Niskeyuna, now Watervliet, N.Y., that Shaker leader Ann Lee first urged her followers to ". . . put your hands to work and give your hearts to God."

"It was the attempt at self-sufficiency during these early years which gave birth to the almost incredible diversification of industrial and agricultural activity that characterized 19th-century Shakerism," explains Theodore E. Johnson, director of the Shaker museum at Sabbathday Lake.

He points out that lumber, flour, carding. and spinning mills, together with extensive tannery and coopers' shops, were constructed at an early date at the Maine community.

'In Shaker villages everywhere all of the necessities of daily life poured from the shops in such abundance that the surplus soon began to be sold to 'the world,' '' he notes.

The chief Shaker industries were agricultural and horticultural: dairying, cheese and buttermaking, farming, fruit growing, market gardening, and the cultivation of medicinal and savory herbs.

The sisters were renowned for the quality of their needlecraft, spinning, and weaving, but the sect as a whole is most celebrated for its starkly elegant furniture, reflecting the Shaker sense of regularity, harmony, and order.

Craftsmen have left behind few of the principles that guided their work, but in some Shaker writings, maximilike declarations appear that must have guided them. Among these are "Beauty rests on utility," "Love of beauty has a wider field of action in association with Moral Force," and "All beauty that has not a foundation in use, soon grows distasteful, and needs continual replacement with something new."

Ancestry traced

The Shakers' religious beliefs, however, go further back than the American craftsmen who made the sect so well-known. The sect which, according to noted French authority Henri Desroche, represents "one of the last chapters in the history of sectarian Christianity . . . and one of the first chapters in the prehistory of modern socialism," traces its ancestry back to the Protestant zealots of France's Cevennes mountain region.

These millenarian "prophets" militant followers to revolt when Louis XIV revoked the Edict of Nantes in 1685 and attempted to impose Roman Catholicism on

A number escaped the wrath of the royal armies, and in 1706 sought refuge in London where, according to Mr. Desroche, they revived the "trances and deliria" that had enraptured their followers among the peaks and valleys of their homeland.

The Cevenole "prophets" soon attracted a number of English "prophets," observes Mr. Desroche, adding that in 1742 "a strange group of convulsionaries whom the public called 'Shakers' '' emerged in their wake.

"This small exhilarated band began to gnaw away at the membership of the Quakers and Methodists, especially among the population of Lancaster," he explains, and in 1747 former Quakers James and Jane Wardley, in the words of the Shaker classic, "Millennial Church," "were led by the influence of the Divine Spirit to unite themselves into a small society, in the neighborhood of Manchester."

Ann Lee joins society

In 1758, 22-year-old Ann Lee, a Manchester factory girl, joined the society. The victim, says Mr. Desroche, of "a wretched childhood and adolescence," she had married a blacksmith at the age of 16 and borne four children. three of whom died in infancy.

While serving a term of imprisonment for "profaning the Sabbath" in 1770, Ann experienced a revelation which, as "Millennial Church" puts it; gave her "a full and clear view of the mystery of iniquity, of the root and foundation of human depravity, and of the very act of transgression committed by the first man and woman in the Garden of

According to "Millennial Church" she maintained that 'no soul could follow Christ in the regeneration, while living in the works of natural generation, or in any of the gratifications of lust." This principle of celibacy was to become the basic tenet of the







'Beauty rests on utility . . . '

Such religious maxims inspired many facets of Shaker living — from the design of this stately farm house (top left) at Sabbathday Lake, Maine, to the fabric such as Sr. Elsie McCool is weaving (top right). Herbs drying (left) are used in the kitchen where Sr. Marie Burgess (below) is slicing freshly baked bread. She, Sr. McCool, and Sr. Frances Carr (above) are three of the last 12 Shakers in the United States.



Ann Lee soon replaced the Wardleys as the mentor of the fledgling society, and in 1774 she was warned in a dream vision that she would have to seek refuge in the American colonies where "the work of God would greatly increase, and the Millennial Church would be established," as the Shaker classic gravely records.

In America the work of God soon melded with the work of the field, the house, and the carpentry shop.

The Shakers were always ready to seek and adopt devices which would save time or energy and allow them to devote themselves more fully to the things of the spirit, Mr. Johnson remarks:

"As elsewhere, necessity proved to be the mother of invention. The list of Shaker inventions is impressive, indeed. It includes the clothes pin, the circular saw, the flat broom, the washing machine, the metal pen, water-repellent cloth, and a host of other devices."

But for all their energy and inventiveness the Shakers have steadily declined in numbers as conversions and adoptions of children into the sect have steadily fallen off.

Still, at Sabbathday Lake there is no gloom The kindly, hard-working sisters no doubt recall Shaker Anna White's prediction made some .70 years ago that "a new age of spirituality is at hand. . . . Conditions suited to the needs of the new age will develop and take on form. The Shaker faith and the Shaker life will, from their elastic nature, be ready to receive the impress of newly revealed truth and expand in new forms."

Guiding the rich in sharing their art

Self-Portrait With Donors: Confessions of an Art Collector, by John Walker. Boston: Little, Brown & Co. \$12.95.

By Burke Wilkinson

First as chief curator and then as director of the National Gallery in Washington, John Walker has been one of our great acquirers and achievers.

In the late 1930s Andrew Mellon underwrote construction of the immense white gallery on Constitution Avenue. At that time the Mellon collection, which it was to contain, numbered exactly 125 paintings.

How to fill the echoing halls, how to keep the magnificent building from just being a monument to Mellon and his millions, was challenge indeed. In filling the gallery with Old World treasures and new, David Finley, the first director, John Walker, who held the top post from 1956 to 1969, and now Carter Brown have all served the

The Walker autobiography is in no sense an official report of his steward-

ship. The title gives the clue: it is a vivid and revealing account of a life spent - perforce and in good part among the very rich. The donors were the proud possessors of the great collections which Walker wished to claim for the nation - Samuel and Rush Kress, Chester Dale, Armand

Books

Hammer, Paul Mellon and his sister Ailsa Mellon Bruce among them. Often Walker brought his expertise to bear in helping these donors enrich their collections as a preliminary to acquisition by the nation.

The first hundred pages tell how his expertise was formed. Crippled at 13, he now is able to call his infirmity a "most rewarding and beneficial occurrence." A wheelchair, he courageously insists, is the ideal vantage point for viewing a museum. He had time to study and to dream.

Blessed with a fantastic memory, Harvard-trained, apprenticed for three key years to Bernard Berenson (chief potentate of Renaissance scholars), Walker brought learning and taste to his life work. With com-

mendable modesty he calls it "buying paintings and sculpture with Other People's Money."

Another asset in a career with few shadows in it has been his wife, Lady Margaret, whose father was the British Ambassador in Rome when he was studying there. Running just under the surface of this sunlit book is the awareness of a happy marriage, and of his wife's remarkable intuition in his chosen field. ("With my children and me she is known as "The Bird Dog,' We lead her into an exhibition gatlery and tell her to point to the best works of art. She never falls us.")

Walker engagingly admits he had no real flair for languages. But he does have a gift which serves him and us well in these pages: he can hit off a character with a few swift strokes, with a phrase that pleases as it

enlightens. Take Walker's words on Calouste Gulbenkian, the one famous collector who got away: Gulbenkian's appearance reminded him of a fierce bird, with his "deep-set unblinking eyes" and "the way he walked at a hopping

He calls Samuel Kress, the chain store magnate, "the lonely collector who was never quite sure why he was collecting." And here is his slightly waspish description of the Italian paintings in Kress's 'New York Renaissance" penthouse: "Each panel or canvas was in a shadowbox lined with old velvet; red, green, and sometimes gray. These packaged primitives, heavily varnished and cradled, bore witness to a storekeeper's sense of order and to his conviction that merchandise should be well lighted and attractively presented."

Lord Duveen, the flamboyant salesman-dealer, was in Walker's view somewhat overrated as an expert, for "he had the courage of other people's convictions."

Walker can be quite brisk in his views on collecting: "I was pleased when Charles and Jayne Wrightsman stopped buying Impressionists and decided to go further afield. The rich in this country have bought so many Monets, Sisleys, Pissarros, Renoirs, et cetera, that their apartments, along with wall-to-wall carpeting, often seem to have wall-to-wall Impressionism."

But Walker seems to have gained and kept the friendship of his donors. Chester Dale, the "hardboiled stockbroker metamorphosed into an adventurous connoisseur," even left Walker a considerable sum of money in his will.

Perhaps the ultimate clue to the cheerful Walker success story lies in his shrewd awareness of his own character: "Berenson used to say I was the most admirable recipient of favors he knew. I suppose he meant that I always seemed deeply grateful and made my benefactor feel my appreciation. This, I believe, is vitally important in a good museum director. His enthusiasm for the gifts of others will draw collections to his institution. No matter how inconsequential a work of art offered to a museum may be, it is usually significant to the donor, and its donation represents, at least in his mind, a sacrifice."

Burke Wilkinson, who lives in Washington, is an author of novels and historical biographies.

Game plan

Bruins' Cup hopes on thin ice

By Larry Eldridge

It's hard to believe that any team boasting both Bobby Orr and Phil Esposito could look as disorganized and just plain bad as Boston has appeared lately, but that's how it is as the once-mighty Bruins stumble toward the closing weeks of the National Hockey League season.

This club which won far more games than any of its rivals over the last five years, and which still looks fairly awesome on paper, has just returned home from a six-game road trip which unquestionably marked the low point of its existence in the 1970s.

It's not only the 1-5 record which has team officials worried - it's the way the Bruins lost some of those games, and especially the way the trip ended up. On the next-to-last stop they couldn't even beat the lowly California Seals, then in the finale they were never in the game as Los Angeles manhandled them 6-

Speculation has been increasing daily that first year coach Don Cherry's job is in jeopardy, and that General Manager Harry Sinden, who coached the team to its 1970 Stanley Cup triumph, might replace him at any time.

1 1 1

As always in such cases, everyone connected with the club steadfastly denies any such thought. But no one in Boston would be surprised to see it happen - especially if the team doesn't start winning again soon.

This, after all, is a team which has finished first three times and second twice in the last five years, won two Stanley Cups, and reached the finals just last spring before losing a hard-fought sixgame series to the Philadelphia

Furthermore, Orr and Esposito are far from the only big names

remaining from the glory days. John Bucyk, Ken Hodge, Wayne Cashman, Dallas Smith, and Don Marcotte also go all the way back. That seems like a pretty good nucleus - particularly with other standouts like Carol Vadnais and



Phil Esposito

Gregg Sheppard who have been part of the more recent big years.

The team just hasn't jelled this year, though, and at this point its hopes of overtaking Buffalo for first place in its division are nonexistent. It will still make the playoffs, of course - almost every team under the NHL's ridiculous new format this season - but it won't last long unless it starts playing a lot better than it has so far.

Among the players, Esposito is the one who has been taking the most criticism from fans and the press for the team's recent lackluster showing. The big center who perennially leads the league in scoring has been in a terrible slump lately, and could manage

only one goal and one assist on the entire six-game trip.

Obviously, Esposito can't really be blamed for the team's disappointing record this year. He's doing the same thing he always does - leading the league in scoring with more than 50 goals and better than 100 points already.

Orr is also over 100 points, and dueling with his teammate for the league scoring lead. Thus on a season-long basis it's clear that the two superstars are doing the jobs they're supposed to be doing. - and that one must look elsewhere for the key to the team's poor showing.

Overall defense is obviously a good place to start — as evidenced by those last two games in which the opposition scored six goals each time. The Bruins have never been a defense-minded team in recent years, of course. but this season that deficiency has been compounded by the fact that No. 1 goaltender Gilles Gilbert, beset by injuries and a lack of confidence, just hasn't had a good year.

Thus finally we come to what is probably the real reason for Boston's difficulties this year - the old intangible, motivation. Even in their best years, the Bruins were often unable to get very excited when they were playing weaker teams, but their talent was then so overwhelmingly superior that they could go through the motions and still win.

This isn't the case anymore. Over the years the talent gap has been narrowed, but despite several lessons to that effect, the Bruins don't seem to have figured it out yet. If they don't get the message soon, they'll have plenty of extra time to think about it this spring while those less talented clubs are playing for the Stanley

By Frederick R. Chevalier Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

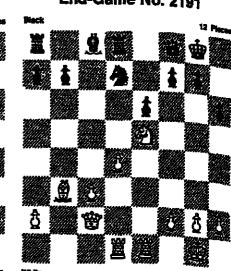
End-Game No. 2191

Problem No. 6673 By C. Manefield

White to play and mate in two (First Prize, British Chess Federation Tourney No. 134, for direct mate problems in two moves, in which the merit depends on the key move and the play following it.)

Problem No. 6674 By N. A. MecLead

White to play and mate in two (First prize, B. C. F. Tourney No. 135. Direct mates in two moves, teaturing changed play, virtual play, and thematic tries, or any combination of these.)



White to play and win (Luft-Strecker, German match, 1974, A corrected version of No. 2187.)

with Pal Benko in the U.S. Open. At Hastings G. Sigurjonsson, Icaland, finished a half-point behind, achieving a grandmaster norm

The new English champion, G. F. Botterill, had the satisfaction of defeating the tourns-

ment winner in their encounter, detailed be-

Solutions to problems

No. 6669. Kt-Kt7 No. 6670. 1 R-R7, P-B5; 2 R-R7 if 1 . . . K-Q4; 2 B-B7ch if 1 . . . P-Q7, B7, etc.; 2 Q-K6ch End-Geme No. 2189. White wins: 1 1 Q-Kt7ch, RxQ; 2 PxRch, KxP; 3 R-B7ch, K-Kt; 4 R-B8ch, K-Kt2; 5 R/1-B7 mate.

No. 6671. B-Kt2 No. 6672. 1 R-Kt5, threatens 2 R-Q5 If 1... RPxP; 2 RxBPch If 1... BPxKtP; 2 RxRPch If 1... PxQP; 2 R-B4ch If 1... BxP; 2 RxBPch B-K4; 2 R-K7ch . RxP; 2 RxBch . BxKP; 2 R-K7ch End-Game No. 2190, 1 Kt-B6, PxKt; 2 BxKt, BxB; 3 RxRch, QxR; 4 RxQch, RxR; 5

OxRP and Black resigned.

CORRECTION: In last week's column a notation error was made under the heading "Sicilian Defense." White's 12th move - P-Kt3 - was incorrect. It should have been B-

New Soviet star

The 1973 junior world champion, Alexander Belyavsky, is perhaps the strongest of the Soviet juniors. In the recent Soviet championship he defeated Tal and shared top place with him with one round to go. Another junior, P. Vahanian was next. Both Belyavsky and Vahanian finished third in this year's Hastings tournament,

Pirc Defense

Caro-Kahn Defense The short game below shows Belyavsky defeating a higher-rated Soviet grandmaster

at the same time.

21 KtxP B-Kt2 22 Q-B2 Kt-Kt 23 P-B3 Kt-Kt4 24 BxKt PxB 25 Kt-K7 R-Kt3 26 KtxR/Kt8 Pxkt 27 Q-Kt3 Kt-K3 28 R/Q3-K3 B-B3 29 P-QR4 R-Kt2 30 Q-Kt5 Q-Q 31 R-K8 Q-Q2 31 R-K8 Q-Q2 32 R/8-K8 B-Q 33 Q-Kt4 Kt-B5 34 P-QKt3 P-R4 35 Q-B6 R-Kt 36 R-K7ch BxR 37 RxBch QxQch R-Kt 38 QxQch R-Kt 39 Q-B6 and Black lost on time 1 P-K4 2 P-Q4 3 PxP P-QB3 P-Q4 PxP Kt-KB3 P-KKt3 4 B-Q3 5 P-QB3 B-OK12 6 B-KB4 7 BxB 8 Kt-K2 9 Kt-Q2 10 Kt-KKt3 PxB QKI-Q2 11 Q-K2 12 O-O 13 QR-Q 14 Kt-B3 15 Kt-Kt5 16 R-Q3 17 Kt-B3

10 KK1-K2 11 K1-Q4 Q-B2 R-B P-Kt5? Kt-KB3 2 P-Q4 12 P-KKt4 13 P-Kt5 14 Kt/3-Kt5 P-KKt3 P-B3 P-QKt4 B-K3 PxKt KtxP 5 Q-Q2 P-83 0-0-0 Q-B2 QKt-Q2 15 PxKt 16 BxPch 8 P-Q5 9 PxP 17 P-K5 Resigns (a) P-QR3 QxP (a) if 17 . . . PxP; 18 Kt-K6, etc.

P-Q3

Hort wins at Hastings

The Czech grandmaster Vlastimii Hort fin-ished first in the year-end Hastings tourna-ment. Earlier in 1974 he shared top honors

Hort Bisck

27 G-Kt3 28 R-Q3-K3 29 P-QR4 30 Q-Kt5 31 R-K8 32 R-K8 32 G-Kt4 34 P-QKt3 35 Q-B8 36 R-K7ch 37 RxBch 38 QxQch 18 Kt-R4 19 R-K

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SAM REMO. FLORIDA'S MOST elegant condominium. Private Ocean Beach. 2 bdmn., 2 bsth apts. \$55,000-79,500. FLORIDA BOARD OF TRADE, INC. 1488. Fed. Hwy. Boca Raton, Florida. (305) 368-1028 or (305) 391-7940.

LAUD., FLA. FURN. 2 BORM. 1% bath co-op near intracoastal, beach, shop; excel rental invest; terms, Lt. Col. Aram Bakalian, (Ret.), 54 lale of Venice, #1, 33301. (305)

<u>NEW ENGLAND</u> N.H. 20 ACRE COUNTRY RETREAT 8 m. Cape 65 ml. NW Boston. Some finishing req'd. 2nd. floor. Garden, sm. Barn, Privacy, Mt. View. 4 m. Guest House on property presently rented. ¼A. trout pond & add. acreage avail-able. For sale by owner. Call (603) 547-2970

PUBLIC NOTICE MMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSET DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS PROPOSALS

PROPOSALS

Sealed proposals for the following projects will be received at Room 427, 100 Nashs, Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02114 umit the dates and times stated below and at that place and time publicly opened and read:

MONDAY, MARCH 10, 1975 at 10:00 A.M. P.Y. PAS P. Gus DISTRICT 4: Bicentenrial Sankary Facilities 0,12 \$5. 340 (3 Sep. Cont.)

DISTRICT & Elcentennial Sanitary Facilities 0.12 \$6. \$400 to 3 Sep. Cont.)

DISTRICTS 1, 2, 5, 6, 7 a a: 0.25 Sep. Cont.

DISTRICTS 1, 2, 5, 6, 7 a a: 0.25 Sep. Cont.

Bridges (8 Sep. Cont.) 1.70 Sep. Cont.

DISTRICTS 1 & 2: Well & Pump Systems at Maintenance 0.05 a. Depots in Sherifield & Oxford 2 Sep. Cont.) 0.08 S. 200

DISTRICTS 1 & 2: Well & Pump Systems at Maintenance 0.05 a. Depots in Sherifield & Oxford 2 Sep. Cont.) 0.08 S. 200

TUESDAY, MARCH 11, 1975 at 2:00 P.M.

METHUREN: Drainage Betterment on Ris. 113

(North Lowell 5:)

SAUGUS-LYNNEYSLD; Guard Reil Restoration on Ris. 1 0.27 S. 800

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 19, 1975 at 2:00 P.M.

Stringer Bridge)

Contractors inferring to bid on any project must first obtain Form R-109 "Request for Proposal Forms" (for Determination of Contractors Pre-Quelification), from the Contract Engineer Form Sproval. Upon approval and payment of the required annount at Room 427, the prospective bidder shall be entitled to receive an officially numbered proposal book containing specification along with a set of plans (if required) for the project. Payment will be refunded in accordance with the larms in the "Hotice to Contractors" contained in the proposal book containing specification along with a set of plans (if required) for the project. Payment will be refunded in accordance with the larms in the "Hotice to Contractors" contained in the proposal book. Plans and contract with the larms in the "Hotice to Contractors" contained in the proposal book. Plans and contract with the larms in the "Hotice to Contractors" contained in the proposal book. Plans and contract with the larms in the Protect of Public Works, which payment will be refunded in accordance with the larms in the Hotice to Contractors" contained in the proposal book. Plans and contract with the larms in the Protect of Public Works, which payment will be refunded in accordance with the larms in the

tion for an award. By: JOHN J. CARROLL, Commissioner of Public Works

NEW ENGLAND LAND FOR SALE NEW HARPSHIRE, LARGE HOME sites. Some water front, some mountain view. All w/right to private sandy beach, w/beau, view of Mt Choopcus.

2 miles to sid Mt. Whittier, From \$3,495. Financing svail. Owner call (617) 477-0203 anytime. (Mass.)

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SEA SHELL MOTEL. Naples, Florida — Downtown — AAA Tropical landscaping, heated pool. All rooms: Telephone, air conditioned, electric heat, Color Cable TV. No effi-ciencies. Restaurants nearby. 82 Ta-miami Trail Sq. Zip 33940.

VICTORIA, B.C., CANADA, WORLD famous Olde England Inn welcomes families, honeymooners, to our Eng. Village in 5 scres. Gift shop. Eng. food, Rooms with antique Canopy beds. Open all year. 382-8311, 429 Lampson-St.

JAMAICA NOW-2 BDRM. YILLA directly on sea, extraordinary view, large pool, privacy. Available March 14. Send for folder & picture. Box J-10, One Norway St., Boston, MA 02115. HAWAII, HIDEAWAY COTTAGE ON hawak, mibbawar Corrage On tropical Kaltus Besch, Furm. in wicker and ratten. Car and many other am-enities. \$35.00 per day. "Ehukai Oct-taga" 210 B South Kalaheo, Kallus, HI 76734.

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RENTALS

OFFICES TO LET BOSTON PRACTITIONER OFFICES to share. Nr. Church Center. A specious, bright, colorful, newly-decorated suite. A/C. Avail. Wed., Thurs., Fri., Sat. Write Box J-21, One Norway St., Boston, MA 02115. HOMES WANTED

YNG. LAWYR. AND FAMILY RE-turning to Chicago need unfum. house or apt. to rent from May 15 on. Prefer Evenston or vic. In town March 1-8. Alex and Wendy Roth (313) 761-7258. 1811 S. State #5, Ann Arbor MI

APARTMENTS WANTED 6 MO'S. SUB-LET (FURN./UN-furn.) for young woman (college grad). Best refs. Reesonable rent. E., 40-80's pfd. (212) 588-4176 eves. Box W-2, 58-Sth Ave., N.Y.C., NY 10036.

PUBLIC NOTICE

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS
NOTICE TO SILL DING CONTRACTORS
Sealed proposals for Electrical Improvements in the Massachusetts,
orks Office Building, 100 Nashus Street, Boston, Massachusetts,
slass and times stated below at Room 427, at the above address, the

Minimum wage and dump-truck rates have been established.
February 25, 1975 By: JOHN J. CARROLL, Commissioner of Public Works

RENTALS

APARTMENTS TO LET ADVANCE

Richmond, Vs. ares would like to rent room for sev. wice. beg. Mar. 1, 1975, while looking for apt. Reply to Andrew E. Hickman, c/c R. L. Weinheimer, 1340 Old Chain Bridge Rd., Suits 101, McLean, VA 22101. LGE. FURN. BED/SITTING RM, w/h bth. in Frank Lloyd Wright home in W. Chicago suburb. 20 min. from Loop. Kit. prvig., pking. Call 8-9 a.m. or 10-11 p.m. (312) 389-8780. (ili.)

BOSTON - 462 BEACON Nr. Church Center. Spacious m. W/F/p in remodeled private guest house. Kit. privileges. (617) 536-2249

> APARTMENTS TO SUBLET MODERN STUDIO IN HISTORIC Granite Warehouse, Beau, furn, fully equip. Pkg. nr. harbor & pub. trans. Non-smoker, non-drinker pref. Avel. Mar. 1 for sev'l. mos. Call eve's. (617) 227-0164. (Mass.)

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SUMMER RENTALS GLOUCESTER, MASS. JUNE 28-Sept. 6. Wingsersheek beach front home. Living room w/fireplace, 2½ baths, 4 bedrooms, porch, all appli-ances, piano. Tennis courts available, (817) 729-0297. Box J-15, One Norway Št.<u>, Bost</u>on, MA 02115.

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BUFFALO—ASHLAND AVE, 3 BDRM.
House (part) Garage-réferences re-quired. 2 Woodburning fireplaces. Fuily enclosed porch, yard & bassement. Freezer & freezer room. \$300/mg. plus utilities. Owner, 885-5050. Write Box H-5. One Norway St., Boston, MA 02115. PART OF LOVELY OLD HOME -

1 bik. to lake, 4 biks. to shopping ctr. Refs. Write Box J-16, One Norway St., Boston, MA 02115. ROOMS AND BOARD SENIOR CITIZENS

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GENERAL BIDS — TUESDAY, MARCH 11, 1975 at 2:99 P.M.
SUB SIDS — TUESDAY, MARCH 4, 1975 at 1:509 NOON
General Bids and Fied Sub-Bids must be on officially numbered forms propered by the De lantment, obtainable upon request, without charge, at 100 Nashus Street, Room 427, Boe

ton.

Plens and specifications may be examined at the Boston Office. Copies may be obtained at Room 427, upon payment of \$5.00 in cests, money order, certified check, bank treasurer's or bank cashler's check, which amount will be refunded upon receipt by the Department of the documents in good condition on or before March 21, 1975.

Every General Bid, and every Sub-Bid for a sub-rode designated under item 2 of the General Bid shall be accompanied by cash, certified check, bank treasurer's, bank cashler's check, or bid bond, payable to the Messachusetts Department of Public Work. The amount of such cash or check shall be not less than 5% of the value of proposed work as estimated by the swarding suthority and shall be in the amounts stated below:

GENERAL CONTRACTORS:

Section 4 Accurates Work.

Section 5 Accurates Work.

Section 5 Accurates Work.

Section 5 Accurates Work.

Section 5 Accurates Work.

Section 6 Accurates Work.

Section 7 Accurates Work.

Section 6 Accurates Work.

Section 6 Accurates Work.

Section 7 Accurates Work.

Section 7 Accurates Work.

Section 7 Accurates Work.

Section 6 Accurates Work.

Section 7 Accurates Work.

jected.

The award of the contract shall be made within 30 days after the opening of General Bids. An award will not be made to a Contractor who is not properly equipped to undertake and complete the work. Proposels which do not include a properly complete "Affidavit" pertaining to Non-Collusion, etc., will be declared informal. Flight reserved to waive any informatity and to reject any or all proposels in accordance with the provisions of G.L. Chapter 149 as amended.

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LISTING

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BRITISH ANCESTRY TRACED

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KING GEORGE HOTEL—SAN FRAN-cisco. Class "A" Bidg. 334 Mason. Near thesters & restaurants. Clean, comfortable. Refrigerator, Security Guard 24 Hours. Moderate rates.

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<u> 27601.</u>

WANTED TO BUY

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VIOLIN: PRESSENDA OR VIOLIN of equal quality. Perfect condition. Certification necessary. Will pay up to \$5,000. Wr. Box 649, Room 301, 910 16th St., N.W., Wash., DC 20006

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CARPETS DAVID MURE & CO., LTD. UATID HORE & GU., LTD.

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W.2 Telephone 01-723 8217/8. Floor
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Extensive carpet library and testing
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CARS FOR HIRE YOUR CHAUFFEUR DRIVEN CAR from Wynn-Savile Ltd., 17 Radley Mews, London W.8 6JP. Tel. 01-937 4586, around town and for sightseeing. **CLEANING SERVICES**

SOUND SYSTEM — 2 JBL's 200 studio Monitor. Crown 150 pre-amp & amplifier. Kenwood Tuner 8000 E., Thorens turntable 125 AB (BO carridge). TEAC 450 deck DBX expander. Total \$3720. Will sell for \$2700. Call (617) 548-7097 after 6 P.M. (Mass.) WETTON CLEANING SERVICES, LTD. 43 Cadogan Street, Chelsea S.W. 3. Tel. 01-589-7747 5226/7/8 (London Area) Window, General Cleaning, Paint Washing Interior, Exterior, Decorations, etc. DRESSMAKING

DORIS PUSEY High-class dressmaking including Readers dresses. Alterations. Remo-deling, 23 Loveday Road, West Ealing, W.13. Tel.: 01-579 1588. **EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES** ST. ANNE'S MANAGEMENT SELEC-tion and Employment Agency. 43 High St., Addlesions, Surrey. Weybridge 48134/5/6. Covers all grades of staff throughout the U.K.

DIGNIFIED MINIATURE GERMAN Schneuzers. Whelped 12/14/74. Champ. ped. Mankira & Dorem in-ESTATE AGENTS eage. Ears cropped, talls docked, de clawed, paper trained. (617) 653-7250. NEVILLE M. IRELAND Chartered Surveyor, 7 Melbourn St., Royaton, Herts., SG8 7BP. Tel. 0763 43193. Structural Surveys, plans drawn for extensions; planning applications made; compulsory purchase claims. Insurance valuations. Agent for Answar Total Abstainers Insurance. WM. WAGNER
Plano Tuning and Repairing. Regis
tered Member Plano Technicians
Guad. 878-8202. St. Louis Missouri.

HOOPER & JACKSON, CHART-ered Surveyor, Structural Surveys, Valuations, Letting, Acquisition and Sale of Residential, Commercial and industrial Property, 46 Fulham High St., London SW6 SLO, Tel. 01-736 1161.

BLAKES OF CHELSEA, LONDON 53 Sloane Sq., S.W.1. Tel. 01-730.3821, All-Floral Work. FOOD PRODUCTS
LEISURE DRINKS IMPORT A WIDE

"Sega" Scandinavien origin, like new. \$500. (213) 351-9720 before 10 A.M. or (408) 658-2142 (Calif.) range of interesting non-elcoholic drinks. Weddings a speciality. Please ask for details. Letsure Drinks Ltd., Aston-on-Trent, Derby, Tel: 0332.792538.
HAIRDRESSERS HAIR BY JOHN & MARGARET Specialized cutting — Ledles & Gents. 40 North Parade, Chessington, 01-397 2188, and 89 Tattenham Cree., Tatten-ham Corner, Epsom, Burgh Heath 51639

> HOLIDAY ACCOMMODATIONS ISLE OF WIGHT. BUNGALOW TO let to seep five porsons. Write to F. E. Bridges, Eversley Cottage, Galley Lane, Brighetons, tale of Wight POSD (Cresidents: Send for brochure, Mrs. 48T.

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HOLIDAY ACCOMMODATIONS EXHIBITING ARTIST INVITES guests to her cottage in mountain village. Beautiful country, Mid-Wales, G.B. Modern art tuition if warted. CSM, GG, 4 Grosvenor Place, London SWIX

COMIC BOOKS
Of the 30's and 40's. State price and quantity of collection or price individually, giving title, issue # and condition or box lot and ship to receive check for postage plus 56 to \$5 each. No duplicates, incompletes. Dennis Even, \$454 35th West, Seattle, WA 96199.

ORIENTAL RUGS WANTED—USED Courtsous European will buy your used Persian & Orientsi rugs & will pay cash. For example 9x12 Sarouk \$700, 9x12 Kermanshah \$1,500, 6x4 Antique Silk \$3,000, 9x12 Kermanshah \$1,500, 6x4 Antique Silk \$3,000, 9x12 Antique Silk \$3,000, 9x12 Kermanshah \$1,500, 6x4 Antique Silk \$3,000, 9x12 Kermanshah \$1,500, 6x4 Antique Silk \$3,000, 9x12 Antique Silk \$3,000, 9x12 Kermanshah \$1,500, 6x4 Antique Silk \$3,000, 9x12 Kermansh

INSURANCE

L. S. POWTER & CO., 86 HOE St., Walthemstow, London, E.17. Tel: 01-520 3366. All types of insurance effected. Agents for Ansvar. Church insurance apecialists.

OFFICE TO LET PRACTITIONER'S OFFICE ent Street, London, W.1. Time flable. Telephone: 01-722 4995. ORGANIST WANTED ORGANIST REQUIRED PART-TIME

For First Church of Christ, Scientist, Spencer Road, Eastbourne. Apply Mu-sic Committee. PERSONAL SERVICE WIDOW LIVING IN ENGLAND WOULD like to act as companion to senior citizens or anyone needing to travel either abroad or short journeys, but unable to travel alone. CSM GH. 4 Grosvenor Pl., Londo SW1X 7JH.

> **POST VACANT VERMONT HOUSE** Sutton Coldfield

A Christian Science House Residential requires

DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT with Nursing qualifications

Please write Secretary, 16 Anchorage Rd. Sutton Coldfield

RESIDENT DEPUTY HOUSEKEEPER required in small frome for senior citi-zens Streatham, S.W. London. Fur-nished or unfurnished room systlebis. nished or unturnished room avaseum. Tel: 01-771 9825 or write Mildred Olby Trust, 14 Founders Gerdens, London SE19 3UU.

SMALL HOTELS AND PENSIONS IN BRITISH ISLES

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WHITELEAF HOTEL WHILLEAT RUICL
86/88 Invernees Terrace, London, W.2.
Telephone 01-727 0881 or 01-229
1826. A very comfortable bed and breakdast only hotel. Full central heating. Near Kensington Gardens, Bayswetter/Queensway tube stations.
Single from 4.96 pounds. Doubles from 7.06 and the between of bytest sangle from 4.96 pounds. Doubles from 7.95 pounds, fully inclusive of b/fast and tzc. All rooms with t/phone and radio. Brochure Akmailed.

ARNCOTT HALL HOTEL BOURNE-mouth. Family run & unicensed. Near town centre & seafront. Garden with heated swimming pool. Summer 1975. Seact Bungalow. Tel. 783050.

Chisnali, Resident Director. Tel. 35084.

صلَّمَا منه لنَّصِل



Trade opens way to ancient Syria

By Philip W. Whiteomb

Special correspondent of

The Christian Science Monitor

The French film industry is a dwarf

among the branches of the national

economy. Its 24,000 workers produce

a turnover of only \$280 million a year,

including receipts from imported

But its psychological impact is such

that bitter argument has arisen over

the loss of 2.2 million moviegoers in

less than 17 years — more than half

the total — and by the fact that seven

firms distributing American films

take in \$37 million a year, 16 percent

more than the revenue of the 10

distributors of French films.

-Kahn De

Truce prompts Syrian trade

By Ralph Shaffer Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Damascus, Syria There are still blue crisscross marks from the antisplinter tape taken off the windows of the head office, Commercial Bank of Syria. But at least the tape is gone. Center-city homes and apartments here, bombed out in the October Israeli raid, are almost completely rebuilt now. And state compensation has been paid for losses by individual citizens.

These are two of the Kissinger-truce changes visible in the Syrian capital of 1.5 million people.

The uneasy UN quiet has produced other changes.

Today, a new Syria is being opened to a hitherto unheard-of level of commercial interflow. In fact, it is easier for foreigners (and their products, too) to get into Syria than into other Arab countries like Kuwait or Saudi Arabia. In these, a specific sponsor is needed to help procure a well-documented visa.

But the Syrian border now just says "Welcome"; and the traveler needs only his passport (depending on which country) and 25 Syrian pounds (\$8 U.S.) — not even a fillout entry-exit card.

There are other visible signs of change. The newly established U.S. Embassy represents a presence now; and the State Department is asking the U.S. Congress to approve aid funds which could go to a country like Syria.

Accords listed

Movie audiences thinning out in France

Responsibility for the decline, re-

sulting in the closing of 1,510 movie

theaters in France, is ascribed to

television by French film producers,

The three state television chains

had drifted into a schedule of about 20

films a week, an overdose which some

critics claimed made theater atten-

dance unnecessary. Others argued

that the choice of films was such that

the public was being turned against

A new agreement between tele-

vision and the film industry now will

limit the number that can be shown

French films in favor of the Amer-

and to dull films by most theater

Syria's principal assistance agreements—not count-

French in both direction and finance

rose sharply, because of the increas-

ing number of low-cost pornographic

films, from 97 in 1973 to 152 in 1974, at '

an average production cost of under

The number of co-productions un-

der foreign control was the same in

1974 as in 1973, at 47, and the number

of co-productions under French con-

trol rose from 48 to 56. Average cost

for all co-productions was \$680,000

each in 1973 and about \$700,000 in 1974.

all movie theaters is a tax, producing

\$34 million in 1974, of which a part is

divided among French film producers

in exact proportion to total receipts

Included in the price of admission to

ing Arab oil money from sister countries — up to now were these: contracts with the Soviet Union for aid in phosphate-reserves development, expansion of foodprocessing plants and help in irrigation expansion of the Maskanah region and the Euphrates Valley; an agreement with the People's Republic of China to finance spinning and weaving mills; a Bulgarian loan for the construction of canneries, livestock and poultry farms. tobacco-processing plants, and textile mills; assistance from Romania for financing a new oil refinery and cement plant plus a 6,000-head dairy farm in the Ghab

Thabet Mahanyi, general manager of the Damascus Chamber of Commerce, talked about the new openness: "We are a country with great latent development possibilities — especially in our natural resources —

although we have no oil — and in agriculture. Now, we believe we can start to handle large inputs of development capital and manpower expertise. We need to build; and we need to train. Especially if we intend to

keep pace with modern commerce."

There are other encouraging signs of emerging potential prosperity. Three new hotels are scheduled to

open in 1976. Today, all Damascus hotels are full. Employment, officials say, is not a problem. Unskilled labor is permitted to commute to Lebanon; and all skilled labor is needed at home — plus whatever can be imported in special categories.

The national grain silo network is becoming a reality. And the all-important Euphrates irrigation development, which will have a wide effect on all agriculture, continues to rate top priority.

This advertisement is neither an offer to sell nor a solicitation of offers to buy any of these securities. The offering is made only by the Prospectus.

NEW ISSUE

February 21, 1975

\$100,000,000

First National Boston Corporation 8% Notes Due July 15, 1982

Price 99.50%

plus accrued interest from February 15, 1975

Copies of the Prospectus may be obtained from any of the several underwriters, including the undersigned, only in States in which such underwriters are qualified to act as dealers in securities and in which the Prospectus may legally be distributed.

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Lazard Frères & Co.

Reynolds Securities Inc.

Wertheim & Co., Inc.

Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Salomon Brothers M. A. Schapiro & Co., Inc.

Paine, Webber, Jackson & Curtis

White, Weld & Co.

Smith, Barney & Co. Dean Witter & Co.

BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS

Paris

Banner year at Alfa Romeo

Englewood Cliffs, N.J. Big U.S. auto firms may be having a hard time selling compact cars, but the U.S. subsidiary of Alfa Romeo, an Italian firm which makes luxury sports cars, had a banner year in

Sales rose "more than 67 percent over those in 1973, the previous record year." says C. Vittorio Ronchetti. chief of the U.S. subsidiary. That amounts to 4,200 cars; 2,700 were sold

Lisbon: enough hard currency

Portugal has enough hard currency to cover the trade deficit for three years, the republic's President, Costa Gomes, has told a delegation of the World Marxist Review (WMR).

President's explanations of his country's economic and political developments appeared with his authorization in the January issue of WMR, which is published in Prague under the direction of an associate of Soviet senior Politburo member Suslov, reports Monitor special correspondent Paul Wohl.

According to Dr. Franz Pick, publisher of the World Currency Yearbook, the Portuguese escudo, until the take-over by the

FAHNESTOCK & CO. 10 Wall St., N.Y., NY 10005

ers New York Stock Exchang

MR. ALBERT E. LETTINGWELL

Registered Representatives will be pleased Christian Science Monito with their

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was covered to more than 90 percent with gold.

the armed forces movement in April, currency circulation increased substantially,

After the take-over by

SCHABERG LUMBER CO.

Lansing, Michigan

for their films.

Building Our Business With Mutual Confidence and Trust

This is neither an offer to sell nor a solicitation of an offer to buy these secu The offer is made only by the Prospectus.

Not a New Issue

February 21, 1975

1,000,000 Shares

Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing Company

Common Stock

Price \$47.875 per Share

Copies of the Prospectus may be obtained in any State in which this nt is circulated only from such of the underwriters, including signed, as may lawfully offer these securities in such State.

Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Piper, Jaffray & Hopwood

Morgan Stanley & Co.	The First Boston Corporation	Lazard Frères & Co	Lehman Brothers
Blyth Eastman Dillon & Co.	Dillon, Read & C	•	Drexel Burnham & Co.
Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc.	Hornblower & Weeks-Hempl		Hutton & Company Inc.
Kuhn, Loeb & Co.	Loeb, Rhoades & Co.	Merrill Lynch,	Pierce, Fenner & Smith
Paine, Webber, Jackson & (Curtis Reynolds Se	curities Inc.	Salomon Brothers

White, Weld & Co. Smith, Barney & Co. Wertheim & Co., Inc. Shearson Hayden Stone Inc. Dean Witter & Co. Dain, Kalman & Quail Bear, Stearns & Co. Alex. Brown & Sons ABD Securities Corporation Basle Securities Corporation

Harris, Upham & Co. Kleinwort, Benson Faulkner, Dawkins & Sullivan Robert Fleming Socratios Corp.

Moseley, Hallgarten & Estabrook Inc. New Court Securities Corporation Oppenheimer & Co. L. F. Rothschild & Co. R. W. Pressprich & Co.

F. Eberstadt & Co., Inc.

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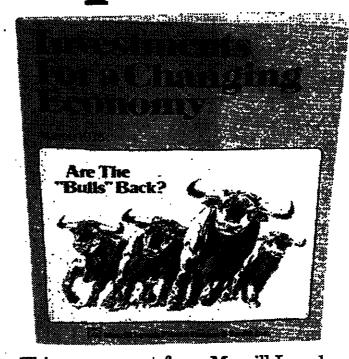
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By Leavitt F. Morris Special to

The Christian Science Monitor Tarpon Springs, Fla.

If your family runs the gamut, from voungsters wedded to sailing or birdwatching, mom and dad to sumning and golf, each of you should find something to keep you busy at Innisbrook, a nearly 1,000-acre vacation resort and golf club located a few miles from the center of Tarpon

And you'll find lots of other families to keep you company.

Family groups are coming to Innisbrook in greater numbers than ever, says Bill Perry, recreation director, responsible for developing and implementing programs which will appeal to each member.

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For the young people, Mr. Perry places emphasis on the "educational" aspect of all his programs involving recreational activities. He believes that teaching the youngsters the fundamentals of sports will lead to a better understanding and greater enloyment of whatever sport they pursue in later life.

So Innisbrook, in addition to golf and tennis, the major attractions for adults, now offers a wide variety of other participant recreational activities which a family can enjoy together. These include swimming in any one of the five heated pools, pingpong tables, basketball and volleyball courts, an archery range, bicycle riding, fishing in stocked ponds and lakes on the property, and sailing, the latest sport made available here.

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all of these recreational activities. Swimming lessons will be available for children of all ages under the supervision of certified water and safety instructors.

The three golf courses - Island and Sandpiper, both 18 holes, and Copperhead, 27 holes — can accommodate a full complement of players without congestion. There are 13 championship tennis courts, a tennis shop, and full-time professionals.

During the summer there will be five nature hikes where the fox squirrel, wild parakeets, peacocks, and a variety of species of water fowl may be observed close at hand, as well as seminars on karate where the art of self-protection will be demonstrated by experts.

The site for this expansive resort is among rolling, wooded hills dotted with 60 acres of lakes, many forming part of the three excellent golf courses and providing natural hazards for the golfer. The green fields are landscaped with towering cypress trees, Southern oaks, and citrus groves. For every tree cut down two are replanted.

Innisbrook took the first part of its name after artist George Innes who, in 1877, discovered the beauty of this area and later, along with his talented son, George Jr., put many of the local scenes on canvas.

Unlike most similar vacation retreats, Innisbrook does not have an individual hotel. Guest accommodations are the privately owned condominiums of which there are 820 units ranging from one bedroom to three bedrooms with full kitchen facilities.

Guests wishing to prepare their own meals in preference to going to one of the three excellent dining rooms may do so. Basic goods may be purchased on the grounds. As for fruit guests are invited to "help themselves" from the citrus groves.

Innisbrook is a 25-minute ride from

Tampa's International Airport and only a few minutes from the center of Tarpon Springs and its colorful sponge-boat docks. Tarpon Springs, known as the largest natural-sponge market in the world often is referred to as the "Venice of the South" because of its numerous bayous and waterways.

Visiting the docks where the sponge fleet ties up when in port can be a rewarding day's outing for a family. It is a colorful sight — a forest of masts swaying with the swell of the sea currents. When the boats go sponge fishing they remain at sea for several weeks harvesting their golden

Visitors will see their produce in the many curio shops along Dodecanese and Anclote Boulevards, facing the sponge docks. A really good sponge, the sort and size used in washing automobiles, say, costs \$10 and will last about six years. The curio shops also have for sale a variety of shells gathered by the sponge fishermen.

Each day a sponge-diving exhibition is given for tourists from one of the boats. For fishermen, charter boats are available for all-day trips.



I hear the United States Bicentennial talked about everywhere. How will this affect the travel scene?

The "travel scene" will be affected all over the U.S., naturally. Bicentennial programs will include special celebrations, pageants, variety shows, exhibitions, parades, and holiday events in just about every state and locality. Consequently, wherever you go in this country, to big cities, national parks and historic areas, you can schedule your plans ahead of time to attend some kind of bicentennial attraction. These all should be announced within a few months. Each state has a bicentennial commission in its capital city that you can contact if you would like to learn earlier what to expect and plan for.

However, another aspect of bicentennial planning is to consider the special events and historical re-enactments to be held in the original 13 Colonies. Memorable scenes and patriotic sites where revolutionary battles and meetings took place will take on special meaning to all Americans in 1976. Faithfulness to colonial settings "where it all happened" certainly will make for memorable experiences of special and lasting inter-

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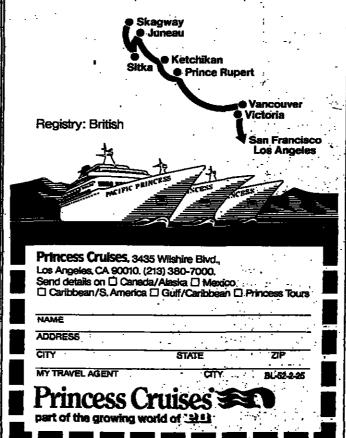
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Woodstock, Vt. The problem: an upcoming holiday and you like to downhill ski, your father and sister like to cross-country ski, and your mother could care less, preferring shopping and/or sight-seeing.

On top of it all, the question of whether it is cheaper to ski in Colorado or the Alps is academic, since you can afford the air fare to neither.

One answer could be Woodstock. Vt., a once relatively unknown town that has grown proportionately to East Coast skiing while hanging onto most of its New England charm.

Maps suddenly show it

In looking at a large 1970 wall map of New England, I could not even find Woodstock. A current road map, though, spelled out its existence loud and clear, giving some indication of how the town has grown.

The town is almost dead center in Vermont, about a 15-minute drive off Interstate 89 and fairly near Barre. It is within a short day's drive of any New England state, New York, New Jersey, and northeastern Pennsylva-

I met two men there who said they had driven up from Pennsylvania in six hours (although they didn't say how fast), which makes for a quick shot at good skiing on a three-day

from Woodstock sits the Killington ski complex, with three major areas, long runs, excellent lift facilities, and a gondola ride to a view that is hard to

Nearby is Pico Peak, a smaller area, and in Woodstock itself are Suicide Six and Mount Tom, bothsmall but good areas offering the most to novice and intermediate skiers.

However, if downhill skiing suits neither you nor your pocketbook (Killington lifts cost \$10 a day and the other three run about \$7 per day), a comparative pittance lands you on a

pair of cross-country skis. The Woodstock Ski Touring Center offers 40 miles of trails that can take you nice-and-easy over a golf course or through the woods and over hill and dale - expertise, strength, and ambition permitting.

I personally prefer the mad rush the bottom involved in downhill, but was pleasantly surprised when I tried cross-country to avoid the Saturday crowds at Killington.

There is no cost comparison: \$4 at the Touring Center rents skis, poles, boots, a lesson, and all-day use of the

However, just about anyone who — either style — will confirm that one of its most important moments occurs after the lifts and trails close. For when you come down from the

slopes, you are: hungry. And Woodstock, with a perception often accredited to New England Yankees, steps in admirably to fill the void.

Splendid fare

"Numero uno" on the list in terms of quality plus quantity, is the Woodstock Inn, and a dinner not to be missed there is the Saturday evening buffet. Whatever you like, this lavish spread is bound to have it.

The meal I ate included avocado halves, fresh pineapple quarters (in northern New England - dozens of them!), turkey, beef Wellington, shrimp curry, roast beef, Boston cream pie, chocolate cream pie, and no end in sight.

The food is excellent, if a bit grandiose, and the price is reasonable at around \$8.

On a smaller scale, The Prince and the Pauper offers excellent European fare on a menu that changes every week. The restaurant is small but spacious, reasonable, quiet, and tastefully decorated in wood paneling.

Gourmet magazine is rumored to be after its cheesecake recipe, and hinch includes the likes of homemade beef stew, a do-it-yourself sandwich board, homemade bread, and several varieties of crepes (the veal crepe I

If simpler meals suit your palate, The Eatery, founded in 1860, dishes out your basic meat and potatoes and short order snacks.

Woodstock is also filled to its rustic brim with activities unrelated to

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snow. Four church steeples chime in with genuine Revere bells; there are covered bridges; several stores, like the Vermont Workshop, offer Vermont crafts, china, earthenware, and furniture; and a little shop called The Present Perfect sells a marvelous array of unique gifts.

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Of course, one of the nicest pastimes is a walk through the Vermont countryside. And you don't have to be a skier to ride the Killington gondola and catch the view.

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Inn at \$23-\$42 for a double. The Woodstock Chamber of Commerce (Woodstock, N.Y. 05091) offers a free guide to accomodations in the area.

Under normal conditions, the skiing is good right into March, and if you're in need of equipment, this is the time to check ski shops for sales.

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You can take a cottage here. And have breakfast on your private

terrace, overlooking the water.

The food is excellent and varied. The service is crisp. And the potables are extensive.

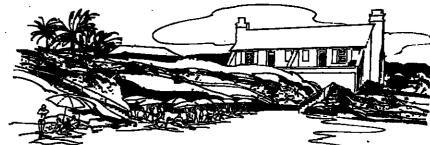
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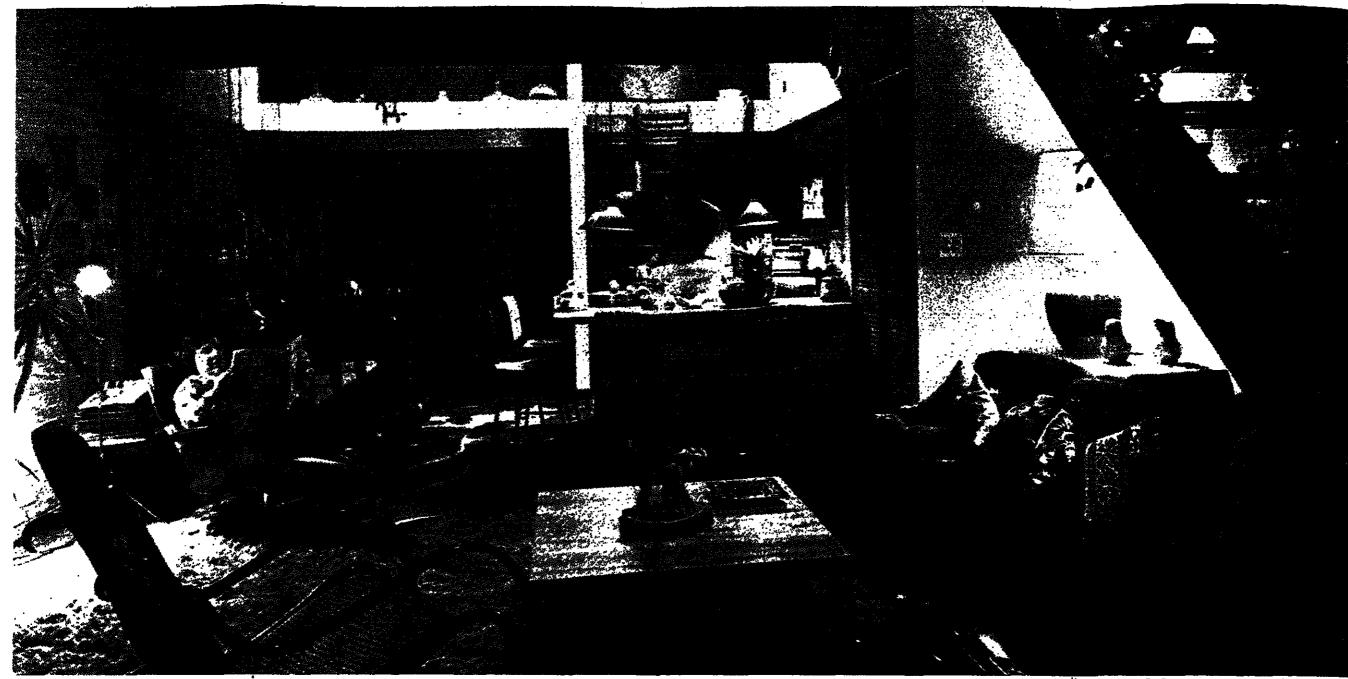
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By R. Norman Matheny, staff photographer

Lower level of Howard and Alice Alexander's Chicago townhouse features natural brick walls and beamed ceiling



By John Rogers

Privacy, yet close neighbors make townhouse living easy and pleasant

Dallas townhouse includes balcony at left overlooking ravine. Living room furnishings: 18th century English oak and elm chest on far wall, wall-shelf arrangement holds French and Oriental art objects. Tuxedo sofa is covered with gold corduroy, chair in foreground in contemporary

cotton damask in warm earth tones. Parsons table is gold burl. Antique Chinese rugs in blue and gold are focal point of the room. Gold walls give the effect of eternal sunshine and complement the earth and natural colors of the upholstery.

Townhouse living

As building and land costs have soared, more and more homeowners and builders across the U.S. have gone to townresidences. Today, in all their variety of architecture, they are an important part of any cityscape. Here's a look at two, one in Chicago, the other in Dallas, each appropriate to the owners' needs.

By Marilyn Hoffman Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Townhouse living has always implied a certain charm and sumptuous style. As adapted to today's living it has many advantages. It offers the up-and-down-the-staircase living of a normal free-standing house. It gives privacy, allows people to relate closely to the outdoors, and enables one to enjoy near neighbors — but not distressingly above or below.

Howard and Alice Alexander refer to their version in Chicago's picturesque Old Town section as a "tiny tall townhouse." It exactly fits their lifestyle, which they describe as infor-

The Alexanders are a working professional couple; he is a graphic artist who works at home, and she is a vicepresident of Kroehler Furniture Company.

Elevators disliked

The two answered questions about their residence in this way:

Why a townhouse? "We were both raised in individual houses and we like living only a doorway from the outside world. We like easy access to the street, the outdoors, and a back garden. In a high-rise, we might have had a balcony, but it is not quite the same as one's own patio. We have also never appreciated waiting for elevators;

they seem to add to the sense of

confinement of a high-rise." How did you manage to make this

townhouse workable? 'We were fortunate to find a builder who permitted us to literally plan our own house to our own desires and needs, provided we stayed within his basic framework. We decided we wanted a living room-kitchen floor, on the first floor, and an all-purpose studio floor above it to serve as Howard's work space, guest room, and party-meeting area. Our bedroom-bath floor is at the top of the house, because we spend so little time

up there."

With these basic needs in mind, the couple eliminated all interior walls, making what was to have been a sixroom house into a more spacious three-room house. Also by using open stairways to connect the three floors. they managed to make a small house appear much larger.

The builder gave them a choice of materials. This resulted in rough brick walls, beamed ceilings, and stairs of old wood. They selected, but paid extra for, the butcher-block counter top for the kitchen.

The couple installed a kitchen nook on the third floor, for breakfast and midnight snacks, an idea that saves a few up-and-down trips. "Most people prefer horizontal living," say the Alexanders, "but we opted for vertical, and don't mind the exercise. Besides, you learn to save steps by carting things up and down each time you go.'

The Alexanders decided to stay in Old Town, where they have lived for 20 years, because they love its sense of small-town community living, its friendliness and the interesting "mix" of neighbors that includes taxi drivers and used car salesmen as well as professional people like themselves. They work on various committees of their neighborhood conservation organization, and they know evervone.

Most of the houses in Old Town are three-story brick Victorian structures that were built after the Chicago fire of 1871. Today there is a sprinkling of high-rise buildings on the periphery, and low townhouses like the Alexanders' increasingly are dotting the

Suburban sameness

"We wouldn't think of trading our tiny tall townhouse for the sameness of suburban living," the couple agrees, "and we think there is some-thing exhibarating about living where we can barbecue steaks on our own patio, while watching the lights blink on and off the Hancock Tower only three miles away."

Even in breezy, spacious Texas ownhouses have become a favorite.

The one shown here belongs to the owner of one of the most prestigious decorator and antiques showrooms in Dallas. She lives alone in five rooms on three levels and frequently entertains friends, children, and grandchildren. When she moved in last year, she condensed furnishings from her former 11-room house, "editing" down to her most attractive and precious possessions. The result is a rich melange of predominately French and Oriental antiques and reproductions, mixed with fine Oriental rugs and modern upholstered pieces.

No problem When she chose her three-level

townhouse, her daughter exclaimed, "Mother! All those steps! How could you?" Yet, she could, and did, and never has regretted it. 'I covered the stairs and the second floor with sisal," she says, "and I live all over the house with no problem."

Her one concession to the facts of perpendicular living was to install & dumbwaiter in the lower garage to transport groceries and other supplies to the kitchen above.

Located on one of the few ravines in Dallas, the townhouse's back walls overlook trees that are 40 to 100 feet tall; steps and platforms wend down to a bubbling brook below. The livingdining-kitchen level is one flight up from the street. The bedroom level above has its own balcony and fire-

You just don't lay off porcelain crafters it took years to train

By the Associated Press

After 200 years of making porcelain by hand, holding on to the skilled labor in times of inflation and recession can be a major worry.

"So far . . . we haven't had layoffs," says Steen Vedel, director of the Royal Copenhagen Porcelain Manufactory. He is in the United States in connection with the Danish company's 200th anniversary exhibit which will begin in April at the Smithsonian Institution and be circulated to major cities through 1976.

Irreplacable

"For us layoff would mean letting go labor that couldn't be replaced," he continued.

"There is no way workers can learn the techniques of painting on porce-

lain except with us, so we do the training, perhaps for four years. In Denmark we have had full employment and they could go to other jobs that offer more money. If we were to compete with higher wages, we might price ourselves out of the market.

"Many employees are women — in some operations they have more patience — who begin at 17 or so, train and work with us for awhile, then return after they have had children."

Of their 2,000 workers, 900 or so paint on porcelain. Many are generations removed from ancestors who did the same work. The most difficult jobs, may be held by artists who create master models for figures and make the master molds. A very steady hand is required in using the special knives. And there are people who assemble 50 or so handmade

pieces into one figurine, another complicated performance.

17.000 products

Founded by a chemist, and owned by the Danish Crown from 1779 to 1868 when it was given its present name, the factory makes 17,000 different things. More than 180 people turn out the blue fluted dinner service, the first thing the company ever made.

"Some time-consuming or costly things have been discontinued. We once took commissions for portraits on porcelains, but we no longer do that as it was too complicated. But we still do things to order and do unique pieces, and we provide replacementsof any piece - cup or whatever even if it is out of production.

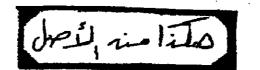
initial steps such as in making a plate or something that could be done as

well or better with it. Other than that everything is handmade, including molding the delicate petals on some dinner services.

Many people think of their porcelain as the familiar bluish — it was the least costly to fire - or grayish tones of commemorative plates or little figures, he says, but some of the company's outstanding porcelains are decorated in yellow, blue, rose, green, gold, and purple, on pale backgrounds. It is mainly these porcelains that will be seen in the Smithsonian display.

Even in our casual age the company finds a demand for quality tableware even though they make the "rustic things." However, they "can't cater The machine is used sometimes in to the whole world, so production must be limited." The United States is the second largest importer.





Living in London

contemporary writers air their views on living in London. On the whole they find it rather an ordeal to cope with this fierce creature who roars and fumes at them, scoops them up, jostles them around, packs them tight, and generally treats 'em rough! So for some the city has no appeal at all; and I, with a long experience of her, sympathize with them. Indeed I was once driven to break into a rondeau lamenting the decline of her charms, which began pathetically:

"Would I had lived in those decorous days

Of brougham, victoria, landau and chaise, When Time in his charlot ne'er

raced neck and crop, But trotted vivaciously, clippety-clop;

And the world and his wife could loiter and gaze.

"How brisk was the tune as the Town went its ways! What jingling, tittupping, pranc-

ing and neighs! And never the roar of a jet or a

prop -Would I had lived!"

Yet there are not wanting several in this symposium who are content to live in the London of today; and I think, in spite of that rondeau, that the city has not quite lost all her attractions - not even entirely an item or two mentioned in those verses. For a few days ago I noticed a horse-drawn brougham, driven by an elegant cockaded coachman, proceeding leisurely down Piccadilly. looking not at all incongruous, but rather setting all the vehicles about it primly in their place as horrid,

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I have just read a book in which 17 raffish, fast contraptions! Then again there are the mounted police who, in like manner, tittupping quietly along, seem to uphold firmly the virtue of unhurried progress, and to reduce all the panting, throbbing, tussing, growling rabble of surrounding traffic to lesser breeds without the Law!

There are quite a few horse-drawn drays to be seen; while the Household Cavalry ride to their guard duties in shining cuirasses, mounted on beautifully matching chargers. In short, London can still beguile us with some vestiges of those days when her behavior, as it seems to those looking back regretfully, was not only urban but urbane. Moreover, she is a city of surprises, and even if you do not care for her general impression, she nearly always has something for you, just round the corner or at the end of that inconspicuous alley, by way of contrast. The thundering cataract of a street is bordered suddenly by the cool, green solitude of a Tudor pleasance. Or gigantic bastions bleakly functional, sheer as fortress curtains, coruscating with the hard glitter of glass that is somehow as hostile as the gleam of enemy shields - bastions that tower up like ramparts against the desperate onset of living, give place in a moment, as one passes through an archway, to that perfect setting for a cultivated society, a Georgian square.

Yes, she is a city of surprises, but equally pertinent in my opinion to the business of getting on with her -she herself is never surprised. Nothing ever appears to astonish the Londoners, to take them aback, or to provoke in them an eager curiosity. If, occasionally, they may be found staring raptly at a demolition, or construction, in progress, it is, I suspect, much in the attitude of Jerome K. Jerome when he made that famous remark: "I like work: it

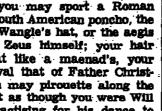
fascinates me. I can sit and look at it for hours."

But for other phenomena, including people, however bizarre, London has little more than a casual glance. You may parade her streets as eccentrically attired as Robinson Crusoe, you may sport a Roman toga, a South American poncho, the

Now personally I think this is an admirable trait. I realize it could be held to be simply an indifference that verges on the unfriendly, but I see it otherwise; I think it betokens a tolerance, a kind of well-bred reticence, or repose, on the part of a hostess, concerned to put a visitor at ease. And I particularly appreciate it, because you see I am myself something of an oddity. With my hat, my rolled umbrells, my trousers with turned-up ends, my short hair and clipped moustache, I am obthey look at me in a friendly way, curiosity, twice, and I feel embarrassed. But in London I am, apparently, ordinary - and how comforting that is!

There was something — a doubt, a reluctance in her voice, and I looked at her inquiringly.

"I'm afraid," she murmured, "it's different with me - a second look



Quangle Wangle's hat, or the aegis of great Zeus himself; your hair may float like a maenad's, your beard rival that of Father Christmas, you may pirouette along the pavement as though you were Will Kemp practising for his dance to Norwich - and it is unlikely anyone will take a second look at you.

viously a gentleman of the old school. In Athens or Rome or Paris but they are apt to look, with

"Yes," remarked Anthea, "I see your point of course."

"Well?"

rather bolsters my morale.'

Eric Forbes-Boyd



Courtesy of Brandels University, Waltham, Mass. "The Factory" 1922: Oil on canvas by Max Beckmann

Chaos into order

To Max Beckmann, only art could fill Life's void. "Oh, this infinite space. We must constantly fill up the foreground with junk so that we do not have to look in its trightening depth," he said. If the void was fear, the art of the German expressionist would pack and jam it with a multitude of objects, like a playwright filling a vacant stage with sound, whether of words or of inarticulate cries.

In the restless crowd of Beckmann's canvas, the agitation does not die, however. The shapes are angular and distorted, compressed so that the farm and "The Factory" overlap like a collage. Tree tilted, flowers askew, smokestacks dominating, the disquiet reflects the social scene of Germany in the 1910s and '20s: as the industrial age overcame the quiet countryside and the artist, witness to the turbulence of war and revolution, brought these upheavals to his

"Beckmann, who himself had no political affiliations, sought to reflect the life around him," as

William Seits described his work. "Just now, even more than before the war, I feel the need to be in the cities among my fellow men," the artist declared.

"This is where our place is. We must take part. . . . Our superfluous, self-filled existence can now be motivated only by giving our fellow men a picture of their fate, and this can be done only if you love them." The estrangement of the postwar years appears to

lessen in this oil: the human figure remains insect size, but the agony is less acute than in the works before its date, 1922; some sense of rational structure has replaced the diagonal chaos of earlier paintings. The houses are more solid. The factory is distinct. The stone walls of the farm hold the composition in order. The factory may have settled awkwardly here. wreaking disorder upon the placid scene, but art - not quite rational but salvation enough - has managed to bring a measure of control to Beckmann's landscape.

Jane Holtz Kay

The Monitor's daily religious article

Healing power

A four-year-old girl was having a great time visiting her grandmother on the farm. She was running around playing in the snow when suddenly she jumped off a platform and hurt her ankle. The injury was such that she had to be carried into the house.

- Naturally her grandmother was quite concerned, and wondered whether she should call a doctor. The little girl solved the dilemma as she said with the greatest confidence, "Just let me sit in this little rocking chair and God will heal my ankle." Later that same

how her ankle felt, she replied, "Oh, God healed it."

One relative who witnessed this was quite impressed with the little girl's firm conviction that God would heal her, and the accompanying proof. But to the little girl, who was being raised in Christian Science by her mother, this was perfectly natural. Do we not read in the Bible. "I will restore health unto thee. and I will heal thee of thy wounds, saith the Lord"?

Christ Jesus certainly expected God to heal "all manner of sickday when the little girl was asked ness and all manner of disease

> [This is an Italian translation of today's religious article] Traduzione dell'articolo religioso pubblicato in inglese su questa pagina (Di solito una traduzione italiana sara pubblicata una volta èl mese)

Potere guaritore

. Una bambina di quattro anni era tanto felice di trovarsi in visita alla fattoria della nonna. Mentre gioćava e correva nella neve, improvvisamente cadde da un rialzo e si fece male ad una caviglia. La cosa era tanto seria che la dovettero in casa in braccio.

Naturalmente la nonna era piuttosto preoccupata e si chiese se non fosse il caso di chiamare un medico. Fu la bimba stessa a risolvere il dilemma, dicendole con grande sigurezza: «Fammi stare qui su duesta seggiolina a dondolo e Dio guarirà la mia caviglia ». Più tardi, quello stesso giorno, quando le chiesero come andava la caviglia, la bimba rispose: «Oh, Dio l'ha guarita ».

Un parente che assistette alla scena rimase assai colpito dalla ferma convinzione della bambina che Dio l'avrebbe guarita e dalla prova che ne era seguita. Ma per la bimba, che era stata allevata nella Scienza Cristiana* dalla madre, questo era perfettamente naturale. Non leggiamo forse nella Bibbia: « lo medicherò le tue ferite, ti guarirò delle tue piaghe, dice l'Eterno » ? 1

Cristo Gesù certamente si aspettava che Dio guarisse « ogni malattia ed ogni infermità fra il popolo »." Egli non rimaneva mai sorpreso dai risultati guaritori, e allora perchè dovremmo esserio noi? Questo è ciò che insegna la Scienza Cristiana, che tanto fedelmente segue le parole e le opere del Maestro. La scopritrice e fondatrice della Scienza Cristiana, Mary Baker Eddy, scrive: « La guarigione fisica per mezzo della Scienza Cristiana risulta ora, come ai tempi di Gesù. dall'operare del Principio divino, dinanzi al quale il peccato e la malattia perdono la loro realtà nella coscienza umana e scompaiono così naturalmente e così necessariamente come le tenebre fanno posto alla luce e il peccato alla riforma. Ora, come allora, queste opere potenti non sono soprannaturali, ma supremamente naturali»,*

Ogni giorno, attraverso lo studio della Bibbia e di «Scienza e Salute >, lo studioso della Scienza Cristiana può penetrare più a fondo nella comprensione della vera natura di Dio e della Sua creazione spirituale, l'uomo incluso. Tali percezioni portano guarigioni « supremamente naturali », guarigioni che vengono da Dio, e da Dio soltanto.

La Bibbia rivela Dio come Amore, Vita, Verità, Spirito. Poichè l'uomo è creato a somiglianza di Dio, è anche amorevole, indistruttibile, esente da difetti e spirituale. Accettando la vera natura dell'uomo a somiglianza di Dio come nostra vera natura, diveniamo più consapevoli dell'onnipotenza e dell'onnipresenza di Dio. Questo produce la guarigione spirituale, perchè lasciamo che Dio — la sorgente di tutto il bene, di tutta la salute, l'armonia e l'immortalità — operi nella nostra consapevolezza, distruggendo così nei nostri pensieri e nella nostra vita, qualsiasi cosa che non provenga da Dio. Ecco

come Dio guarisce. Ogni idea della Mente divina è sempre elevata, integra, libera ed esprime senza limitazioni la perfezione e la completezza divina. Nella misura in cui cominciamo a comprendere tutto ciò, la guarigione si realizza.

² Geremia 30:17; ² Matteo 4:23; ³ Scienza e Salute con Chiave delle Scrit-

*Christian Science: si pronuncia Crifstian Sal'ens. La traduzione Italiana del libro di testo della Scienza Cristiana, Scienza e Saltre con Chiave della Scriture di Mary Balter Eddy, al può avere con testo a fronta in lo-giane. Si può acquistaria nelle Sale di Lettura della Scien-za Cristiana, oppure dis Frances C. Carleon, Publisher's Agent, One Norway Street, Boston. Massarchusada.

azioni sulle atre pubblicazioni in Italiano la Scienza Cristiana rivolgetti a questo in-Christian Science Publishing Society. One I, Boston, Massachusetts, U.S.A. 02115.

Daily Bible verse

For this people's heart is waxed gross, and their ears are duli of hearing, and their eyes they have closed; lest at any time they should see with their eyes, and hear with their ears, and should understand with their heart, and should be converted, and I should heal them. — Matthew 13:15

In the quiet dark

I never know quite what to do about this sweeping sense of loss and loneliness that comes from time to time, and engulfs me. I wonder why, and what I can do about it, and there are never any easy answers. Perhaps this is a natural complement to the peak moments of life, perhaps this sense of emptiness is actually a time of deep regeneration, and it is just on the surface of things that it all seems to be at a standstill, while deep inside, even in the midst of the hill, new ideas are collecting themselves.

When I feel lost, alone, helpless and exhausted, there is a healing afflatus in water. A while ago, I went out across the darkened courtyard, and slopped into the darker pool (at night, so like some mysterious mountain lake). Floating free and weightless, I watched the sky and reached out my fingers to the reflected stars beside me, and listened to the frogs over the stream, and the crickets, and I saw the new moon drop down soundlessly through the sycamore trees. And somewhere along the way, I forgot the loss and the emptiness, and the sense of futility. It no longer existed.

Alex Noble

The empty tank

When it's late Saturday night, and you have to drive 85 miles to work the next morning, and your son the licensed driver brings home the car registering "empty" — what do you

You grasp at the rest of the family's assurances that the selfservice gas station across from the drive-in is open all night even on Saturdays, and you start on the seven-mile trip, hoping that empty

doesn't really mean empty. The self-service station, of course, did close 12 minutes before your

arrival. Do you risk driving seven miles back with a car that may run dry before you get there and surely will not get you to work the next day? Or do you press on to the next known cluster of gas stations?

You creep to the cluster, but the cluster is closed.

Do you go on to the next and bigger town, where every night is like Saturday night in the previous village? Yes, and the gas stations here are closed, too, including the darkened one into which you coast when your foot presses the accelerator and feels that sense of loss which accompanies a finally, unimpeachably, unpardonably empty tank.

You telephone the local police and are told of a single gas station open till midnight. You telephone the station and they say they have no vehicle to bring you the gas and even if you walk over they have no container to lend you.

The police say they know of an allnight taxi if you want to leave the car and pick it up in the morning.

Then they reconsider and kindly offer to save you the taxi fare by "shuttling" you to the police in the next jurisdiction, who will shuttle you to the police in your home jurisdiction, who will shuttle you to your door.

They drive you to the boundary of their authority, and you sit in the back of the cruiser like a culprit. Finally their radio calls them to break up a fight, and they leave you on the corner with assurances that it won't be long now.

But it is long now, and the police of the second part are apologetic for the delay when they do arrive.

'If you don't mind a few more minutes of inconvenience . . . says the hearty first officer. And he pursues a weaving truck, in the line When he discovers that your problem is only an empty tank, he says you should have waited till morning and gone to the self-service station across from the drive-in. "See, if you had come to us in the first place, you'd have been all right," he says, with a laugh.

Are police always this friendly and entertaining to fools who run out of gas at this hour?

More than that. They drive you to their own police station, find a plastic container of gas, radio a cancellation of your rendezvous with the police of the third part, and drive you and the gas back to your dead

Suddenly a flashlight glares on. Behind it is a policeman of the first part moving in to protect your car from prowlers, namely yourself and

your new police buddles. The police man of the first part recognized the first officer of the second part as somebody he has seen singing in church. Certainly he had been singing in the cruiser coming over with the gas. He said he especially liked "The Student Prince."

Everybody says good-bye in the darkness like old friends.

When you roll into your driveway, with plenty of gas left over to get to work, your wife is out of the house before you're out of the car. 'I was going to wait till one, and then I was going to do something," she says, "and then it was one, and I didn't know what to do, and then I heard the car. What happened?"

So you tell her all about it, as above.

Roderick Nordeli

among the people."2 He was never surprised with the healing results. So why should we be? This is what Christian Science. which closely follows the words and works of the Master, teaches.

The Discoverer and Founder of Christian Science, Mary Baker Eddy, writes: "The physical healing of Christian Science results now, as in Jesus' time, from the operation of divine Principle, before which sin and disease lose their reality in human consciousness and disappear as naturally and as necessarily as darkness gives place to light and sin to reformation. Now, as then, these mighty works are not supernatural, but supremely natural.''

Each day, through their study of the Bible and Science and Health, a student of Christian Science can gain greater insights into the true nature of God and His spiritual creation, which includes man. Such insights bring about "supremely natural" healings, healings which are of God

and God alone. The Bible reveals God as Love, Life, Truth, Spirit. Since man is created in God's likeness, he is also loving, indestructible, flawless, and spiritual. Accepting man's true Godlike nature as our real nature makes us more aware of God's omnipotence and everpresence. This brings physical healing because we're letting God, the source of all good, all health, harmony, and immortality, operate in our consciousness. destroying anything not born of God in our thoughts and in our

lives. That's how God heals. Every idea of divine Mind is continually uplifted, whole, free, expressing without limitation the perfection and completeness of God. As we begin to understand this in some degree, healing takes

'Jeremiah 30:17; 'Matthew 4:23; 'Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures, p. xl. [Beawhere on the page may be found a translation of this article in Italian. Usually once a month an article on Christian Science appears in an Italian translation.]

The Bible speaks of the great love and compassion that moved Jesus when he healed. In his ministry he turned the thought of those seeking healing to a fuller understanding of God's love and goodness.

In a deep, prayerful search of the Bible, Mary Baker Eddy discovered that Jesus' teaching and healing were scientific. She learned that health, freedom, and abundance are the natural and provable effects of God's overflowing goodwill for His children.

After proving this in her own healing work, she taught others how they could be healed by spiritual means alone. She explains this method of Christian healing in her book Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures. A careful. study of its message can give you the clear understanding of God that heals. You can obtain a copy with the coupon below.

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'I don't see what he's got to be so aggressive about'

Opinion and commentary

PUBLISHED BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIE

Why arm Pakistan?

Washington's decision to lift its 10-vear arms embargo against Pakistan undoubtedly was a difficult one. It takes little imagination to perceive the danger inherent in an unrestrained arms buildup on the Indian subcontinent, a region bristling with animosities and conflicts.

On the face of it it is utter folly to fuel these conflicts by pouring in more and more weaponry. Indeed, the worldwide trend of escalating arms sales presents dangers that ought to be reckoned with at every point.

But there are no simple solutions to the complex problem of security, and the lifting of the ban on United States arms to Pakistan must be seen within the large context of what is happening next door in India and all around the Persian Gulf and Indian Ocean. India has a massive, sophisticated military arsenal built up by the Soviet Union. Even now a highpowered Russian mission, including Defense Minister Andrei Grechko, is in New Delhi talking arms supply.

In recent months, too, India has moved vigorously to enhance its dominant political and strategic position. It has consolidated its hold in Sikkim and, most recently, in Kashmir. And, despite its reassurances, it has exploded a nuclear device that leaves no doubt it now has the capability of building an atomic bomb.

None of this is to suggest that India has aggressive intentions or designs on its neighbors. But, from his vantage point in Islamabad, it is understandable why President Bhutto is jittery. In the wake of the breakup of Pakistan his foremost concern has been to

A brilliant solution to the con-

troversy over a memorial library

for President Kennedy is in the

"preliminary discussion" stage.

It would place the tourist-attract-

ing museum portion of the project

at the Kennedy Center for the

Performing Arts in Washington

and retain the scholarly archives

portion near Harvard University

One question that has to be

carefully weighed is whether the

Washington space and circum-

stances permit the museum to

offer visitors an educational and

historical experience of sufficient

scope and depth to make the proj-

To most Americans - including

the more than 20 million who

contributed funds to the long-de-

layed project - the problems

leading to this point must seem

remote. But they are related to

the nation's awakened concern for

the environment. And, to a spec-

trum of neighborhood groups in

Cambridge, the potential effects

of millions of museum visitors in

an already congested area loomed

much larger than they did in the

Library Corporation bowed to the

community pressure and an-

nounced it would not build the

museum on the designated Cam-

bridge site. Its options then be-

came to locate the whole project

(museum and archives) else-

where, or to place just the mu-

The commissioners of the ma-

jor professional sports leagues

strongly oppose the legalization of

They are vigorously voicing this

opposition in Washington before

the Commission on the Review of

the National Policy Toward Gam-

bling. The commission is com-

posed of members of Congress

plus public appointees of the Pres-

ident, and is charged with recom-

mending a national policy on the

Baseball commissioner Bowle

Kuhn cited the public's interest in

supporting his stand: "Over and

above our determination to pro-

tect the best interests of baseball,

we feel it is not in the public

interest to exploit the weaknesses

and encourage the vices of our

But a case can also be made for

citizens to finance government."

gambling on their games.

subject by October, 1976.

Protecting sports from betting

Earlier this month, the Kennedy

official impact statement.

in Cambridge, Mass.

ect worthwhile.

Kennedy memorial solution

keep his truncated country together and to build a viable, independent state. His problems are compounded by separatist strife in Pakistan's North-West Frontier Province and Baluchistan, which he suspects is being fueled by the Russians, among others.

It is hence to provide Pakistan with ample weaponry for its security and self-defense that Washington has reversed course. It, too, views a strong, independent Pakistan as essential to keeping the crucial oil flowing through the Persian Gulf and the Arabian Sea.

There should be no question that the supply of arms to Pakistan must be carefully limited. The State Department promises that military sales will be weighed so as not to intensify an arms race in South Asia and that it will not try to change the strategic balance in the region.

All this said, however, it would appear that the change in U.S. arms policy has been most crudely handled. To have the new American envoy to India sitting in Bangkok making odd statements while an announcement about the embargo was imminent seems a strange way to conduct diplo-

It would have been more sensible and tactful to let William Saxbe present his credentials in New Delhi and personally explain the impending U.S. decision to Indian leaders. Then an announcement in Washington could have followed.

In any event, it is now to be hoped that Mr. Saxbe is in a position to assure New Delhi that the lifting of the arms embargo will not be detrimental to its interests in the region or to U.S. Indian relations.

seum elsewhere and leave the

archives on the Cambridge site

where they could eventually be

logically joined by Harvard's Ken-

nedy Institute of Politics and

Harvard naturally favors the

latter alternative, and several

neighborhood groups came out in

support of retaining the archives

and in appreciation for the corpo-

ration's decision to keep the mu-

Apart from the environmental

impact, it would have been ideal to

hold the whole complex in Cam-

bridge, with all the local Kennedy

echoes. And some citizens and city

fathers still would prefer this out-

come - especially after seeing the

alacrity with which more than 50

other sites have now been offered.

Just possibly the Kennedy corpo-

ration's show of interest in such

sites is in effect a form of pressure

The proposal for associating the

museum section with Washing-

ton's Kennedy Center is the best so

far for various reasons. For ex-

ample, it would provide additional

interest for tourists at a site al-

ready handling millions of visitors

plus theatergoing crowds. And it

might even be able to use existing

space, thus saving on escalating

If the preliminary discussions

bring out no major snags, it is to

be hoped that legislation can

quickly be enacted to enable

changes from the original plan.

unmitigated fan of professional

sports, and has questioned the

leagues' policies on supersalaries,

However, the leagues are on

solid ground in arguing that they

have a right to say no to an

intrusion into their affairs by

National Football League com-

missioner Pete Rozelle said.

"Professional football, like other

team sports, is grounded on the

absolute integrity of its games and

its participants." Gambling on

sports inevitably raises the ques-

tion of whether games are being

thrown. And the public perception

of honesty in sports is essential to

Apart from all the other ar-

guments against legalized gam-

bling (that it does not deter crimi-

nal gambling, that it is a poor

raiser of revenue, etc.) the right of

the vitality of sports.

violence, and so forth.

public, legalized betting.

construction costs.

on Cambridge public opinion.

seum — and crowds — away.

School of Government.



State of the nations

Last clear chance

By Joseph C. Harsch

The argument being used presently in and around Congress for cutting off all aid to American clients in Southeast Asia is that they are all doomed anyway, so why protract the anguish. It is an appealing argument. It is a variant on the old familiar American axiom, don't throw good money after

But what are we really talking about?

Is the cause of anticommunism in South Vietnam already hopelessly lost and is Phnom Penh bound to succumb sooner or later to the Khmer Rouge who surround it and try to strangle it each winter with the regularity of the seasons?

If the cause is hopeless, if one must assume that sooner or later the tenacity of the Communist offensive ome the apparent preferences of a majority of the people in those countries; then any more American aid is a waste of money and does merely serve to prolong the agony.

But there are several facts which need to be taken into consideration in arriving at a final judgment in these matters.

The first of these is that the Communists are fighting against time just as much as are the anti-Communists. This, right now, is the height of the dry or fighting season. February is the best month for launching an offensive. The North Vietnamese did launch one offensive in March. It was for them a disastrous failure which bogged down quickly in the beginning of the rainy season.

There is a push on right now in three areas. One is aimed toward Saigon itself from the lower end of the Ho.Chi Minh trail. A second is seeking control of more of the rice paddies of the Mekong delta. The third is the usual dry season seige of Phnom Penh.

All three of these pushes are dangerous. Together they have eroded confidence in the ultimate survival of those on the defensive. They have become fodder for those in Washington who want to write finis to the story of anticommunism in Southeast Asia. But they do not prove the cause is

The military question is whether the defenders can hold out for another eight weeks at the most. Six weeks could do the job. The rains will come and the pressure on the defenders will be relaxed. The Communists must complete their current operations promptly or the defenders will have another nine months in which to make good their losses and improve their defenses. These three pushes cannot be sustained indefinitely. They must succeed quickly, or be called off for the rainy season.

Therefore what we are talking about is providing evidence of American willingness to see the anti-Communists through the immediate fighting season and thus give them another chance in which to improve their defenses. The estimated extra cost is **\$522** million.

Perhaps that sum of money would only buy another nine or ten months of survival for the anti-Communists. But a lot can happen in nine or ten months. The fact is that this is the third fighting season since American troops ceased to carry the main burden of the battle, and thus it is the third season in which the defenders have done a great deal better on their own than anyone expected when they were left on their own. Given another year, they just might make it on their own, permanently.

As yet, we do not know whether at the end South Vietnam, Laos and Cambodia will be inside or outside of the frontiers of the Communist world. The issue is one of ideological frontiers. Southeast Asia is the last place in the world where those frontiers have not yet been settled. Everywhere else in the world the frontiers are now drawn and settled.

The location of the frontiers in Southeast Asia is not vital to the Soviet Union, to China or to the United States. It is of considerable interest to the people who live there. The anti-Communists have expected continuing American support. They have spent of their own blood and treasure in that expectation. Surely another \$522 million is not too much for giving them a third year in which to try to prove themselves.

Why blame the Arabs?

By Ragaei El Mallakh

There's a doomsday mentality these days about inflation and oil prices. There is also an unfortunate tendency to make the Arabs the scapegoat for America's economic

OPEC (the Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries) is often referred to as an "Arab oil cartel." Yet, along with seven Arab nations, it includes Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and Venezuela - all non-Arab states. Moreover, in excess of two-thirds of

U.S. oil imports come from Venezuela, Canada, and other non-Arab sources. Both Venezuela and Canada have supported higher petroleum prices as well as production cuts and/or limiting exports to the United States. Moreover, the U.S. inflationary spi-

ral "took off" long before the energy crisis. The Vietnam war, which soaked up more than \$130 billion, had an adverse effect on the American economy. Sizable expenditures for armaments and military assistance to a few selected countries continue to inflate government spending.

Instead of facing up to their own responsibility for inflation, some Americans would prefer to blame their problems on an outside sinister force. One high-ranking government official recently even linked the energy crisis and high oil prices to "our liberty that in the end is at

A good case can be made that the oil producers deserve the prices they are getting. The cost of petroleum is tied directly to that of industrial products, and commodity prices have risen faster than oil prices. In real terms, the price of petroleum was lower in 1973 than in 1959.

Some oil countries have only 15 to 20 years of reserves left at their current production rate. These states cannot be expected to sacrifice their future, including the development of more self-sustaining balanced economies, without some sort of trade-off.

Certain American politicians suggest that food be used as a countermeasure to oil. In equating food and oil, however, they ignore a very crucial distinction; agricultural products are renewable while petroleum is a wasting asset. Those who begrudge

the oil nations' \$8-\$9 per-barrel 1 come should look at the consum nations, where per-barrel taxes gasoline alone are estimated at \$5 the U.S., \$14 in Japan, and \$28 Western Europe.

Suddenly there is hand wringh over the plight of the poorer nation Sen. Henry Jackson has said, "I thir we have to seriously consider how for we're going to let them (the Arab injure the poor in our country and it poor in other countries of the world The developing world sees such co cern largely as false for three re

First, U.S. economic aid to this ble has been declining in both absolu and relative terms. At last year World Food Conference it was note that the United States now extent but one-fifth the amount of grain aid did a decade ago.

Second, the OPEC producers then selves fall in the category of deve oping nations. For example, the Are world's average per-capita incom remains low - about \$700 as con pared with over \$4,000 for the U.S. Third, the OPEC nations are ma

sive aid extenders. Instead of orchestrating for co frontation or even war, the U.S. migi better press for cooperation and coo dination. It should move forward energy conservation and simult neously push the rational deve opment of alternative forms of energ together with the oil nations then selves. The world is clearly inter dependent in natural resources, a seen in the high share of America imports of bauxite, nickel, tin, man anese, chromium, and iron.

And aside from raw materials sup ply, there are economic ties to b forged and strengthened in it vestment and trade. Blaming th Arabs for present difficulties only makes global economic inter dependence more difficult, but 1 cannot alter the reality of that inter dependence.

Professor El Mallakh is chair man of African and Middle Eastern Studies at the University of Colorado Boulder, and has been an adviser to the Energy Policy Project in Wash

Readers write

Cyprus and Turkish aid

Your recent editorial on Cyprus is remarkable for its insensitivity, illo-

In it, in fact, you urge Congress to lift its cutoff of military aid to Turkey, and while the arguments you adduce for this recommendation are not spelled out you make the following points: (a) the Turks invaded Cyprus 'because" the Turkish minority in Cyprus suffered "for decades at the hands of the Greek Cypriots"; (b) the Turks are unlikely to withdraw from NATO; (c) while "one can only admire a stand (by Congress) taken strictly on the basis of law, it could well damage U.S. security interests"; (d) the Turks are a proud people; the point has been made to them that U.S. public opinion strongly disapproves of their action in Cyprus; however, no effect was registered on their policies (in Cyprus); therefore the U.S. Congress is well advised to rescind its

Put in these terms your editorial is hardly a credit to your newspaper and the principles to which we have known the Monitor to have subscribed in the past.

cutoff of military aid.

First, your editorial is inaccurate. Cyprus has been an independent republic only since 1960; prior to that it was a British colony-hardly "decades" of "oppression" of the Turkish minority by the Greek Cypriots. For much of this period a UN peacekeeping force was stationed in Cyprus. There is no information that

3 C 1

this impartial force has detected persecution of the Turkish minority is Cyprus.

Second, if Turkish threats to leave NATO are not to be taken seriously, it what sense are U.S. security interest compromised?

Third, the process by which you infer that congressional pressure through aid cutoff has not worked and thus should be reconsidered escapes us. Your position is more one of a selffulfilling prophesy than a correct appraisal of the importance of U.S. aid to Turkey. Indeed, the Turkish Government looking over its relations with us over the past seven months can only conclude that we do not mean it seriously when we strongly disavow their action in Cyprus.

The remainder of your editorial says that even though the Turks need NATO to the point where they are unlikely to withdraw, the U.S. Congress should turn tail and run from its responsibilities as it (the Congress) has defined them because the Turks are a proud people. Are we a servile, unprincipled people? Should we sllow our client states to dictate to us the principles by which we make our policy decisions?

has behaved in a wholly barbarous way in Cyprus; a neutral country was invaded and parts of it were occupied. The population of those parts was driven away by a concerted campaign of terror. In the process 180,000 Greek Cypriots were made refugees. All this in the name of safeguarding the 'righta'' of 116,000 Turkish Cypriots.

The point is that the Turkish Army

Peter Canellos Phoebus J. Dhrymes New York Vietnam 'peace'

To the Christian Science Monitor:
Your call for increased military aid to South Vietnam to "help preserve a military stalemate" (two years after Vietnam "peace") is a plea for endless war. President Thieu will only allow the implementation of the political provisions of the Paris accords (freedom of speech, press, and movement, and release of the thousands of brutally tortured political prisoners) when he no longer has U.S. military backing.

Far from supporting self-determination, massive U.S. involvement in Vietnam (be it bombers or bucks) is precisely what prevents the Vietnamese from choosing their own destiny. Brighton, Mass. Andrew D. Mermeil

Letters expressing readers' views are welcome. Each receives editorial consideration though only a selection can be published and none individually acknowledged. All are subject to condensation.

Mirror of opinion

Black American achievements For nearly 50 years, the school

districts of Washington and many other cities of the nation have set aside the week of Abraham Lincoln's birthday as the time to recognize the achievements of black Americans. Traditionally, photographs and other memorabilia go up on classroom walls in recognition of Frederick Douglass, the runaway slave who helped to lead a whole people to their freedom, and George Washington Carver, who found all those hundreds of uses for the peanut and its byproducts. This, too, is the time, when school-children are reminded that a black, Jean Baptiste DuSable, founded Chicago and that the industrial revolution would have been a lot slower if Elijah McCoy had not shown America how to make self-lubricating industrial machinery.

But increasingly it has been dawning on educators and writers that

contribution to the development of the United States than peanut by-products and self-lubricating machinery, important as those contributions

The list goes on through Henry Ford's first steel piston to the first practicable system for railroad and truck refrigeration; the first device by which trains could be coupled automatically; and the improvements in the telephone that made it a more practical device, Bostonian Granville T. Woods, who improved the telephone, also made the first filaments for lighting tubes large enough to make the words city and bright lights synonymous.

This roster of black contributions to the rise of industrial America is equalled only by the roster of black contributions to the opening of the West. Black cow-hands and the black _ there is more to the story of the black frontiersmen rode the trails that

opened and settled the Oklahoma Territory; and Lewis and Clark were among those who crossed the continent with the assistance of a black What all this suggests to us is that

black history should be thought of as something other than a one-time-ayear subject of interest. Instead it should be part of the fabric of learning and communication that goes forward all the time. By marking off a week on the calendar and calling it "black history week," we may be in danger of suggesting that the black contribution to American life is something to be commemorated rather than understood. For black history and American history are inseparable from each other, and our textbooks, our films, our magazines and our newspapers should reflect this fact as a matter of course, not as a matter of sporadic celebration. - The Washing-

opposing legalized gambling in leagues to protect the image and terms of the leagues' own interest. fact of their integrity has great This newspaper has not been an